CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

HOUSE BILL 1609

Chapter 19, Laws of 2013

63rd Legislature 2013 Regular Session

BOARD OF PHARMACY--PHARMACY QUALITY ASSURANCE COMMISSION

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/28/13 - Except section 45, which becomes effective 07/01/16.

Passed by the House March 5, 2013 Yeas 90 Nays 7

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 9, 2013 Yeas 48 Nays 0

CERTIFICATE

I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **HOUSE BILL 1609** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

BARBARA BAKER

Chief Clerk

BRAD OWEN

Approved April 18, 2013, 1:44 p.m.

President of the Senate

FILED

April 18, 2013

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

HOUSE BILL 1609

Passed Legislature - 2013 Regular Session

State of Washington 63r

63rd Legislature

2013 Regular Session

By Representatives Schmick, Cody, and Ryu

Read first time 02/01/13. Referred to Committee on Health Care & Wellness.

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AN ACT Relating to the board of pharmacy; amending RCW 18.50.115,
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     18.53.010,
                 18.64.001,
                              18.64.003,
                                           18.64.005,
                                                       18.64.009,
                                                                    18.64.044,
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     18.64.046,
                 18.64.047,
                              18.64.140,
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     18.64.205,
                 18.64.245,
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     18.64.360,
                 18.64.390,
                              18.64.410,
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                                                       18.64.450,
                                                                    18.64.470,
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     18.64.480,
                             18.64.500, 18.64.510, 18.64A.010,
                 18.64.490,
                                                                   18.64A.020,
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     18.64A.025, 18.64A.030, 18.64A.040, 18.64A.050, 18.64A.060, 18.64A.070,
     18.64A.080, 18.92.012,
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                               18.92.013,
                                           18.92.015,
                                                        51.36.010,
                                                                    64.44.010,
     69.04.565,
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                 69.04.730,
                              69.38.010,
                                           69.38.060,
                                                       69.40.055,
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                                                                    70.24.280,
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     70.54.140,
                  70.106.150,
                                 70.127.130,
                                                                    82.04.272;
                                               70.225.020,
                                                              and
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p. 1 HB 1609.SL

- 1 reenacting and amending RCW 18.64.011, 18.64.080, 18.130.040,
- 2 18.130.040, 28B.115.020, and 42.56.360; adding a new section to chapter
- 3 69.50 RCW; providing an effective date; and providing an expiration
- 4 date.

- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- **Sec. 1.** RCW 18.50.115 and 1994 sp.s. c 9 s 707 are each amended to read as follows:

A midwife licensed under this chapter may obtain and administer prophylactic ophthalmic medication, postpartum oxytocic, vitamin K, Rho immune globulin (human), and local anesthetic and may administer such other drugs or medications as prescribed by a physician. A pharmacist who dispenses such drugs to a licensed midwife shall not be liable for any adverse reactions caused by any method of use by the midwife.

The secretary, after consultation with representatives of the midwife advisory committee, the ((board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission, and the medical quality assurance commission, may adopt rules that authorize licensed midwives to purchase and use legend drugs and devices in addition to the drugs authorized in this chapter.

- **Sec. 2.** RCW 18.53.010 and 2006 c 232 s 1 are each amended to read 20 as follows:
 - (1) The practice of optometry is defined as the examination of the human eye, the examination and ascertaining any defects of the human vision system and the analysis of the process of vision. The practice of optometry may include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:
 - (a) The employment of any objective or subjective means or method, including the use of drugs, for diagnostic and therapeutic purposes by those licensed under this chapter and who meet the requirements of subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and the use of any diagnostic instruments or devices for the examination or analysis of the human vision system, the measurement of the powers or range of human vision, or the determination of the refractive powers of the human eye or its functions in general; and
- 34 (b) The prescription and fitting of lenses, prisms, therapeutic or

refractive contact lenses and the adaption or adjustment of frames and lenses used in connection therewith; and

- (c) The prescription and provision of visual therapy, therapeutic aids, and other optical devices; and
- (d) The ascertainment of the perceptive, neural, muscular, or pathological condition of the visual system; and
 - (e) The adaptation of prosthetic eyes.

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- (2)(a) Those persons using topical drugs for diagnostic purposes in the practice of optometry shall have a minimum of sixty hours of didactic and clinical instruction in general and ocular pharmacology as applied to optometry, as established by the board, and certification from an institution of higher learning, accredited by those agencies recognized by the United States office of education or the council on postsecondary accreditation to qualify for certification by the optometry board of Washington to use drugs for diagnostic purposes.
- (b) Those persons using or prescribing topical drugs for therapeutic purposes in the practice of optometry must be certified under (a) of this subsection, and must have an additional minimum of seventy-five hours of didactic and clinical instruction as established by the board, and certification from an institution of higher learning, accredited by those agencies recognized by the United States office of education or the council on postsecondary accreditation to qualify for certification by the optometry board of Washington to use drugs for therapeutic purposes.
- (c) Those persons using or prescribing drugs administered orally for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes in the practice of optometry shall be certified under (b) of this subsection, and shall have an additional minimum of sixteen hours of didactic and eight hours of supervised clinical instruction as established by the board, and certification from an institution of higher learning, accredited by those agencies recognized by the United States office of education or the council on postsecondary accreditation to qualify for certification by the optometry board of Washington to administer, dispense, or prescribe oral drugs for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes.
- (d) Those persons administering epinephrine by injection for treatment of anaphylactic shock in the practice of optometry must be certified under (b) of this subsection and must have an additional minimum of four hours of didactic and supervised clinical instruction,

p. 3 HB 1609.SL

- as established by the board, and certification from an institution of higher learning, accredited by those agencies recognized by the United States office of education or the council on postsecondary accreditation to qualify for certification by the optometry board to administer epinephrine by injection.
- 6 (e) Such course or courses shall be the fiscal responsibility of 7 the participating and attending optometrist.
- 8 (f)(i) All persons receiving their initial license under this 9 chapter on or after January 1, 2007, must be certified under (a), (b), 10 (c), and (d) of this subsection.
- 11 (ii) All persons licensed under this chapter on or after January 1, 2009, must be certified under (a) and (b) of this subsection.
- (iii) All persons licensed under this chapter on or after January 14 1, 2011, must be certified under (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this subsection.
 - (3) The board shall establish a list of topical drugs for diagnostic and treatment purposes limited to the practice of optometry, and no person licensed pursuant to this chapter shall prescribe, dispense, purchase, possess, or administer drugs except as authorized and to the extent permitted by the board.
 - (4) The board must establish a list of oral Schedule III through V controlled substances and any oral legend drugs, with the approval of and after consultation with the ((board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission. No person licensed under this chapter may use, prescribe, dispense, purchase, possess, or administer these drugs except as authorized and to the extent permitted by the board. No optometrist may use, prescribe, dispense, or administer oral corticosteroids.
 - (a) The board, with the approval of and in consultation with the ((board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission, must establish, by rule, specific guidelines for the prescription and administration of drugs by optometrists, so that licensed optometrists and persons filling their prescriptions have a clear understanding of which drugs and which dosages or forms are included in the authority granted by this section.
 - (b) An optometrist may not:
- 37 (i) Prescribe, dispense, or administer a controlled substance for

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more than seven days in treating a particular patient for a single trauma, episode, or condition or for pain associated with or related to the trauma, episode, or condition; or

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- (ii) Prescribe an oral drug within ninety days following ophthalmic surgery unless the optometrist consults with the treating ophthalmologist.
- (c) If treatment exceeding the limitation in (b)(i) of this subsection is indicated, the patient must be referred to a physician licensed under chapter 18.71 RCW.
- (d) The prescription or administration of drugs as authorized in this section is specifically limited to those drugs appropriate to treatment of diseases or conditions of the human eye and the adnexa that are within the scope of practice of optometry. The prescription or administration of drugs for any other purpose is not authorized by this section.
- (5) The board shall develop a means of identification and verification of optometrists certified to use therapeutic drugs for the purpose of issuing prescriptions as authorized by this section.
- (6) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to authorize the use, prescription, dispensing, purchase, possession, or administration of any Schedule I or II controlled substance. The provisions of this subsection must be strictly construed.
- (7) With the exception of the administration of epinephrine by injection for the treatment of anaphylactic shock, no injections or infusions may be administered by an optometrist.
- (8) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to authorize optometrists to perform ophthalmic surgery. Ophthalmic surgery is defined as any invasive procedure in which human tissue is cut, ablated, or otherwise penetrated by incision, injection, laser, ultrasound, or other means, in order to: Treat human eye diseases; alter or correct refractive error; or alter or enhance cosmetic appearance. Nothing in this chapter limits an optometrist's ability to use diagnostic instruments utilizing laser or ultrasound technology. Ophthalmic surgery, as defined in this subsection, does not include removal of superficial ocular foreign bodies, epilation of misaligned eyelashes, placement of punctal or lacrimal plugs, diagnostic dilation and irrigation of the lacrimal system, orthokeratology, prescription

p. 5 HB 1609.SL

1 and fitting of contact lenses with the purpose of altering refractive

2 error, or other similar procedures within the scope of practice of

3 optometry.

Sec. 3. RCW 18.64.001 and 2011 c 336 s 493 are each amended to read as follows:

There shall be a state ((board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission consisting of ((seven)) fifteen members, to be appointed by the governor by and with the advice and consent of the senate. ((Five)) Ten of the members shall be designated as pharmacist members ((and two)), four of the members shall be designated a public member, and one member shall be a pharmacy technician.

Each pharmacist member shall be a citizen of the United States and a resident of this state, and at the time of his or her appointment shall have been a duly registered pharmacist under the laws of this state for a period of at least five consecutive years immediately preceding his or her appointment and shall at all times during his or her incumbency continue to be a duly licensed pharmacist: PROVIDED, That subject to the availability of qualified candidates the governor shall appoint pharmacist members representative of the areas of practice and geographically representative of the state of Washington.

The public member shall be a citizen of the United States and a resident of this state. The public member shall be appointed from the public at large, but shall not be affiliated with any aspect of pharmacy.

Members of the ((board)) commission shall hold office for a term of four years, and the terms shall be staggered so that the terms of office of not more than two members will expire simultaneously on the third Monday in January of each year.

No person who has been appointed to and served for two four year terms shall be eligible for appointment to the ((board)) commission.

Each member shall qualify by taking the usual oath of a state officer, which shall be filed with the secretary of state, and each member shall hold office for the term of his or her appointment and until his or her successor is appointed and qualified.

In case of the resignation or disqualification of a member, or a vacancy occurring from any cause, the governor shall appoint a successor for the unexpired term.

- Sec. 4. RCW 18.64.003 and 1984 c 287 s 43 are each amended to read as follows:
- Members of the ((board)) commission shall meet at such places and times as it shall determine and as often as necessary to discharge the duties imposed upon it. The ((board)) commission shall elect a chairperson and a vice chairperson from among its members. Each member shall be compensated in accordance with RCW 43.03.240 and shall be reimbursed for travel expenses in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and
- 10 **Sec. 5.** RCW 18.64.005 and 1990 c 83 s 1 are each amended to read 11 as follows:
- 12 The ((board)) commission shall:

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- 13 (1) Regulate the practice of pharmacy and enforce all laws placed 14 under its jurisdiction;
- 15 (2) Prepare or determine the nature of, and supervise the grading 16 of, examinations for applicants for pharmacists' licenses;
 - (3) Establish the qualifications for licensure of pharmacists or pharmacy interns;
 - (4) Conduct hearings for the revocation or suspension of licenses, permits, registrations, certificates, or any other authority to practice granted by the ((board)) commission, which hearings may also be conducted by an administrative law judge appointed under chapter 34.12 RCW;
 - (5) Issue subpoenas and administer oaths in connection with any hearing, or disciplinary proceeding held under this chapter or any other chapter assigned to the ((board)) commission;
 - (6) Assist the regularly constituted enforcement agencies of this state in enforcing all laws pertaining to drugs, controlled substances, and the practice of pharmacy, or any other laws or rules under its jurisdiction;
- 31 (7) Promulgate rules for the dispensing, distribution, wholesaling, 32 and manufacturing of drugs and devices and the practice of pharmacy for 33 the protection and promotion of the public health, safety, and welfare. 34 Violation of any such rules shall constitute grounds for refusal, 35 suspension, or revocation of licenses or any other authority to 36 practice issued by the ((board)) commission;

p. 7 HB 1609.SL

- (8) Adopt rules establishing and governing continuing education requirements for pharmacists and other licensees applying for renewal of licenses under this chapter;
 - (9) Be immune, collectively and individually, from suit in any action, civil or criminal, based upon any disciplinary proceedings or other official acts performed as members of ((such-board)) the commission. Such immunity shall apply to employees of the department when acting in the course of disciplinary proceedings;
 - (10) Suggest strategies for preventing, reducing, and eliminating drug misuse, diversion, and abuse, including professional and public education, and treatment of persons misusing and abusing drugs;
 - (11) Conduct or encourage educational programs to be conducted to prevent the misuse, diversion, and abuse of drugs for health care practitioners and licensed or certified health care facilities;
 - (12) Monitor trends of drug misuse, diversion, and abuse and make periodic reports to disciplinary boards of licensed health care practitioners and education, treatment, and appropriate law enforcement agencies regarding these trends;
- (13) Enter into written agreements with all other state and federal agencies with any responsibility for controlling drug misuse, diversion, or abuse and with health maintenance organizations, health care service contractors, and health care providers to assist and promote coordination of agencies responsible for ensuring compliance with controlled substances laws and to monitor observance of these laws and cooperation between these agencies. The department of social and health services, the department of labor and industries, and any other state agency including licensure disciplinary boards, shall refer all apparent instances of over-prescribing by practitioners and all apparent instances of legend drug overuse to the department. The department shall also encourage such referral by health maintenance organizations, health service contractors, and health care providers.
- Sec. 6. RCW 18.64.009 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 9 s 411 are each amended to read as follows:
- Employees of the department, who are designated by the ((board))

 commission as enforcement officers, are declared to be peace officers

 and shall be vested with police powers to enforce chapters 18.64,

- $\,$ 69.04, 69.36, 69.40, 69.41, and 69.50 RCW and all other laws enforced
- 2 by the ((board)) commission.

Sec. 7. RCW 18.64.011 and 2009 c 549 s 1008 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, definitions of terms shall be as indicated when used in this chapter.

- (1) "Administer" means the direct application of a drug or device, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject.
- (2) (("Board"-means-the-Washington-state-board-of-pharmacy.))
 "Commission" means the pharmacy quality assurance commission.
- (3) "Compounding" shall be the act of combining two or more ingredients in the preparation of a prescription.
- (4) "Controlled substance" means a drug or substance, or an immediate precursor of such drug or substance, so designated under or pursuant to the provisions of chapter 69.50 RCW.
- (5) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer from one person to another of a drug or device, whether or not there is an agency relationship.
 - (6) "Department" means the department of health.
- (7) "Device" means instruments, apparatus, and contrivances, including their components, parts, and accessories, intended (a) for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in human beings or other animals, or (b) to affect the structure or any function of the body of human beings or other animals.
- (8) "Dispense" means the interpretation of a prescription or order for a drug, biological, or device and, pursuant to that prescription or order, the proper selection, measuring, compounding, labeling, or packaging necessary to prepare that prescription or order for delivery.
- (9) "Distribute" means the delivery of a drug or device other than by administering or dispensing.
- (10) The words "drug" and "devices" shall not include surgical or dental instruments or laboratory materials, gas and oxygen, therapy equipment, X-ray apparatus or therapeutic equipment, their component parts or accessories, or equipment, instruments, apparatus, or contrivances used to render such articles effective in medical, surgical, or dental treatment, or for use or consumption in or for

p. 9 HB 1609.SL

mechanical, industrial, manufacturing, or scientific applications or purposes, nor shall the word "drug" include any article or mixture covered by the Washington pesticide control act (chapter 15.58 RCW), as enacted or hereafter amended, nor medicated feed intended for and used exclusively as a feed for animals other than human beings.

(11) "Drugs" means:

- (a) Articles recognized in the official United States pharmacopoeia or the official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States;
- (b) Substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in human beings or other animals;
- (c) Substances (other than food) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of human beings or other animals; or
- (d) Substances intended for use as a component of any substances specified in (a), (b), or (c) of this subsection, but not including devices or their component parts or accessories.
- (12) "Health care entity" means an organization that provides health care services in a setting that is not otherwise licensed by the state. Health care entity includes a freestanding outpatient surgery center or a freestanding cardiac care center. It does not include an individual practitioner's office or a multipractitioner clinic.
- (13) "Labeling" shall mean the process of preparing and affixing a label to any drug or device container. The label must include all information required by current federal and state law and pharmacy rules.
- (14) "Legend drugs" means any drugs which are required by any applicable federal or state law or regulation to be dispensed on prescription only or are restricted to use by practitioners only.
- (15) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, or processing of a drug or other substance or device or the packaging or repackaging of such substance or device, or the labeling or relabeling of the commercial container of such substance or device, but does not include the activities of a practitioner who, as an incident to his or her administration or dispensing such substance or device in the course of his or her professional practice, prepares, compounds, packages, or labels such substance or device.
- 36 (16) "Manufacturer" shall mean a person, corporation, or other 37 entity engaged in the manufacture of drugs or devices.

(17) "Master license system" means the mechanism established by chapter 19.02 RCW by which master licenses, endorsed for individual state-issued licenses, are issued and renewed utilizing a master application and a master license expiration date common to each renewable license endorsement.

- (18) "Nonlegend" or "nonprescription" drugs means any drugs which may be lawfully sold without a prescription.
- (19) "Person" means an individual, corporation, government, governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association, or any other legal entity.
- (20) "Pharmacist" means a person duly licensed by the ((Washington state-board-of-pharmacy)) commission to engage in the practice of pharmacy.
- (21) "Pharmacy" means every place properly licensed by the ((board of pharmacy)) commission where the practice of pharmacy is conducted.
- (22) The word "poison" shall not include any article or mixture covered by the Washington pesticide control act (chapter 15.58 RCW), as enacted or hereafter amended.
- (23) "Practice of pharmacy" includes the practice of and responsibility for: Interpreting prescription orders; the compounding, dispensing, labeling, administering, and distributing of drugs and devices; the monitoring of drug therapy and use; the initiating or modifying of drug therapy in accordance with written guidelines or protocols previously established and approved for his or her practice by a practitioner authorized to prescribe drugs; the participating in drug utilization reviews and drug product selection; the proper and safe storing and distributing of drugs and devices and maintenance of proper records thereof; the providing of information on legend drugs which may include, but is not limited to, the advising of therapeutic values, hazards, and the uses of drugs and devices.
- (24) "Practitioner" means a physician, dentist, veterinarian, nurse, or other person duly authorized by law or rule in the state of Washington to prescribe drugs.
- (25) "Prescription" means an order for drugs or devices issued by a practitioner duly authorized by law or rule in the state of Washington to prescribe drugs or devices in the course of his or her professional practice for a legitimate medical purpose.

p. 11 HB 1609.SL

- 1 (26) "Secretary" means the secretary of health or the secretary's designee.
- 3 (27) "Wholesaler" shall mean a corporation, individual, or other 4 entity which buys drugs or devices for resale and distribution to 5 corporations, individuals, or entities other than consumers.
- **Sec. 8.** RCW 18.64.044 and 2005 c 388 s 5 are each amended to read 7 as follows:
 - (1) A shopkeeper registered as provided in this section may sell nonprescription drugs, if such drugs are sold in the original package of the manufacturer.
 - (2) Every shopkeeper not a licensed pharmacist, desiring to secure the benefits and privileges of this section, is hereby required to register as a shopkeeper through the master license system, and he or she shall pay the fee determined by the secretary for registration, and on a date to be determined by the secretary thereafter the fee determined by the secretary for renewal of the registration; and shall at all times keep said registration or the current renewal thereof conspicuously exposed in the location to which it applies. In event such shopkeeper's registration is not renewed by the master license expiration date, no renewal or new registration shall be issued except upon payment of the registration renewal fee and the master license delinquency fee under chapter 19.02 RCW. This registration fee shall not authorize the sale of legend drugs or controlled substances.
 - (3) The registration fees determined by the secretary under subsection (2) of this section shall not exceed the cost of registering the shopkeeper.
 - (4) Any shopkeeper who shall vend or sell, or offer to sell to the public any such nonprescription drug or preparation without having registered to do so as provided in this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and each sale or offer to sell shall constitute a separate offense.
 - (5) A shopkeeper who is not a licensed pharmacy may purchase products containing any detectable quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, only from a wholesaler licensed by the department under RCW 18.64.046 or from a manufacturer licensed by the department

under RCW 18.64.045. The ((board)) commission shall issue a warning to a shopkeeper who violates this subsection, and may suspend or revoke the registration of the shopkeeper for a subsequent violation.

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- (6) A shopkeeper who has purchased products containing any detectable quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, in a suspicious transaction as defined in RCW 69.43.035, is subject to the following requirements:
- (a) The shopkeeper may not sell any quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, if the total monthly sales of these products exceed ten percent of the shopkeeper's total prior monthly sales of nonprescription drugs in March through October. In November through February, the shopkeeper may not sell any quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, if the total monthly sales of these products exceed twenty percent of the shopkeeper's total prior monthly sales of nonprescription drugs. For purposes of this section, "monthly sales" means total dollars paid by buyers. The ((board)) commission may suspend or revoke the registration of a shopkeeper who violates this subsection.
- (b) The shopkeeper shall maintain inventory records of the receipt and disposition of nonprescription drugs, utilizing existing inventory controls if an auditor or investigator can determine compliance with (a) of this subsection, and otherwise in the form and manner required by the ((board)) commission. The records must be available for inspection by the ((board)) commission or any law enforcement agency and must be maintained for two years. The ((board)) commission may suspend or revoke the registration of a shopkeeper who violates this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, "disposition" means the return of product to the wholesaler or distributor.
- Sec. 9. RCW 18.64.046 and 2005 c 388 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The owner of each place of business which sells legend drugs and nonprescription drugs, or nonprescription drugs at wholesale shall pay a license fee to be determined by the secretary, and thereafter, on or before a date to be determined by the secretary as provided in RCW

p. 13 HB 1609.SL

- 43.70.250 and 43.70.280, a like fee to be determined by the secretary, 1 2 for which the owner shall receive a license of location from the department, which shall entitle such owner to either sell legend drugs 3 and nonprescription drugs or nonprescription drugs at wholesale at the 4 5 location specified for the period ending on a date to be determined by the secretary, and each such owner shall at the time of payment of such 6 7 fee file with the department, on a blank therefor provided, a declaration of ownership and location, which declaration of ownership 8 and location so filed as aforesaid shall be deemed presumptive evidence 9 10 of the ownership of such place of business mentioned therein. It shall be the duty of the owner to notify immediately the department of any 11 12 change of location and ownership and to keep the license of location or 13 the renewal thereof properly exhibited in such place of business.
 - (2) Failure to conform with this section is a misdemeanor, and each day that the failure continues is a separate offense.
 - (3) In event the license fee remains unpaid on the date due, no renewal or new license shall be issued except upon compliance with administrative procedures, administrative requirements, and fees determined as provided in RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280.
 - (4) No wholesaler may sell any quantity of drug products containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, if the total monthly sales of these products to persons within the state of Washington exceed five percent of the wholesaler's total prior monthly sales of nonprescription drugs to persons within the state in March through October. In November through February, no wholesaler may sell any quantity of drug products containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers if the total monthly sales of these products to persons within the state of Washington exceed ten percent of the wholesaler's total prior monthly sales of nonprescription drugs to persons within the state. For purposes of this section, monthly sales means total dollars paid by buyers. The ((board)) commission may suspend or revoke the license of any wholesaler that violates this section.
 - (5) The ((board)) commission may exempt a wholesaler from the limitations of subsection (4) of this section if it finds that the wholesaler distributes nonprescription drugs only through transactions between divisions, subsidiaries, or related companies when the

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wholesaler and the retailer are related by common ownership, and that neither the wholesaler nor the retailer has a history of suspicious transactions in precursor drugs as defined in RCW 69.43.035.

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- (6) The requirements for a license apply to all persons, in Washington and outside of Washington, who sell both legend drugs and nonprescription drugs and to those who sell only nonprescription drugs, at wholesale to pharmacies, practitioners, and shopkeepers in Washington.
- 9 (7)(a) No wholesaler may sell any product containing any detectable 10 quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or their 11 salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, to any person in Washington other 12 than a pharmacy licensed under this chapter, a shopkeeper or itinerant 13 vendor registered under this chapter, a practitioner as defined in RCW 14 18.64.011, or a traditional Chinese herbal practitioner as defined in 15 RCW 69.43.105.
- 16 (b) A violation of this subsection is punishable as a class C 17 felony according to chapter 9A.20 RCW, and each sale in violation of 18 this subsection constitutes a separate offense.
- 19 **Sec. 10.** RCW 18.64.047 and 2005 c 388 s 7 are each amended to read 20 as follows:
 - (1) Any itinerant vendor or any peddler of any nonprescription drug or preparation for the treatment of disease or injury, shall pay a registration fee determined by the secretary on a date to be determined by the secretary as provided in RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280. The department may issue a registration to such vendor on an approved application made to the department.
 - (2) Any itinerant vendor or peddler who shall vend or sell, or offer to sell to the public any such nonprescription drug or preparation without having registered to do so as provided in this section, is guilty of a misdemeanor and each sale or offer to sell shall constitute a separate offense.
 - (3) In event the registration fee remains unpaid on the date due, no renewal or new registration shall be issued except upon compliance with administrative procedures, administrative requirements, and fees determined as provided in RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280. This registration shall not authorize the sale of legend drugs or controlled substances.

p. 15 HB 1609.SL

- (4) An itinerant vendor may purchase products containing any detectable quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers only from a wholesaler licensed by the department under RCW 18.64.046 or from a manufacturer licensed by the department under RCW 18.64.045. The ((board)) commission shall issue a warning to an itinerant vendor who violates this subsection, and may suspend or revoke the registration of the vendor for a subsequent violation.
 - (5) An itinerant vendor who has purchased products containing any detectable quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, in a suspicious transaction as defined in RCW 69.43.035, is subject to the following requirements:
 - (a) The itinerant vendor may not sell any quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, if the total monthly sales of these products exceed ten percent of the vendor's total prior monthly sales of nonprescription drugs in March through October. In November through February, the vendor may not sell any quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, if the total monthly sales of these products exceed twenty percent of the vendor's total prior monthly sales of nonprescription drugs. For purposes of this section, "monthly sales" means total dollars paid by buyers. The ((board)) commission may suspend or revoke the registration of an itinerant vendor who violates this subsection.
 - (b) The itinerant vendor shall maintain inventory records of the receipt and disposition of nonprescription drugs, utilizing existing inventory controls if an auditor or investigator can determine compliance with (a) of this subsection, and otherwise in the form and manner required by the ((board)) commission. The records must be available for inspection by the ((board)) commission or any law enforcement agency and must be maintained for two years. The ((board)) commission may suspend or revoke the registration of an itinerant vendor who violates this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, "disposition" means the return of product to the wholesaler or distributor.

- - (1) The department may license as a pharmacist any person who has filed an application therefor, subscribed by the person under oath or affirmation, containing such information as the ((board)) commission may by regulation require, and who--
 - (a) Is at least eighteen years of age;

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- (b) Has satisfied the ((board)) commission that he or she is of good moral and professional character, that he or she will carry out the duties and responsibilities required of a pharmacist, and that he or she is not unfit or unable to practice pharmacy by reason of the extent or manner of his or her proven use of alcoholic beverages, drugs, or controlled substances, or by reason of a proven physical or mental disability;
- (c) Holds a baccalaureate degree in pharmacy or a doctor of pharmacy degree granted by a school or college of pharmacy which is accredited by the ((board of pharmacy)) commission;
- (d) Has completed or has otherwise met the internship requirements as set forth in ((board)) commission rules;
- (e) Has satisfactorily passed the necessary examinations approved by the ((board)) commission and administered by the department.
- (2) The department shall, at least once in every calendar year, offer an examination to all applicants for a pharmacist license who have completed their educational and internship requirements pursuant to rules promulgated by the ((board)) commission. The examination shall be determined by the ((board)) commission. In case of failure at a first examination, the applicant shall have within three years the privilege of a second and third examination. In case of failure in a third examination, the applicant shall not be eligible for further examination until he or she has satisfactorily completed additional preparation as directed and approved by the ((board)) commission. applicant must pay the examination fee determined by the secretary for each examination taken. Upon passing the required examinations and complying with all the rules and regulations of the ((board)) commission and the provisions of this chapter, the department shall grant the applicant a license as a pharmacist and issue to him or her a certificate qualifying him or her to enter into the practice of pharmacy.

p. 17 HB 1609.SL

- (3) Any person enrolled as a student of pharmacy in an accredited college may file with the department an application for registration as a pharmacy intern in which application he or she shall be required to furnish such information as the ((board)) commission may, by regulation, prescribe and, simultaneously with the filing of said application, shall pay to the department a fee to be determined by the secretary. All certificates issued to pharmacy interns shall be valid for a period to be determined by the ((board)) commission, but in no instance shall the certificate be valid if the individual is no longer making timely progress toward graduation, provided however, the ((board)) commission may issue an intern certificate to a person to complete an internship to be eligible for initial licensure or for the reinstatement of a previously licensed pharmacist.
- (4) To assure adequate practical instruction, pharmacy internship experience as required under this chapter shall be obtained after registration as a pharmacy intern by practice in any licensed pharmacy or other program meeting the requirements promulgated by regulation of the ((board)) commission, and shall include such instruction in the practice of pharmacy as the ((board)) commission by regulation shall prescribe.
- (5) The department may, without examination other than one in the laws relating to the practice of pharmacy, license as a pharmacist any person who, at the time of filing application therefor, is currently licensed as a pharmacist in any other state, territory, or possession of the United States. The person shall produce evidence satisfactory to the department of having had the required secondary and professional education and training and who was licensed as a pharmacist by examination in another state prior to June 13, 1963, shall be required to satisfy only the requirements which existed in this state at the time he or she became licensed in such other state, and that the state in which the person is licensed shall under similar conditions grant reciprocal licenses as pharmacist without examination to pharmacists duly licensed by examination in this state. Every application under this subsection shall be accompanied by a fee determined by the department.
- (6) The department shall provide for, regulate, and require all persons licensed as pharmacists to renew their license periodically,

and shall prescribe the form of such license and information required to be submitted by all applicants.

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Sec. 12. RCW 18.64.140 and 1996 c 191 s 47 are each amended to read as follows:

Every licensed pharmacist who desires to practice pharmacy shall 5 6 secure from the department a license, the fee for which shall be 7 determined by the secretary under RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280. The administrative procedures, administrative requirements, renewal fee, 8 and late renewal fee shall also be determined under RCW 43.70.250 and 9 43.70.280. Payment of this fee shall entitle the licensee to a 10 pharmacy law book, subsequent current mailings of all additions, 11 changes, or deletions in the pharmacy practice act, chapter 18.64 RCW, 12 and all additions, changes, or deletions of ((pharmacy-board)) 13 commission and department regulations. The current license shall be 14 15 conspicuously displayed to the public in the pharmacy to which it 16 Any licensed pharmacist who desires to leave the active 17 practice of pharmacy in this state may secure from the department an inactive license. The initial license and renewal fees shall be 18 determined by the secretary under RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280. 19 holder of an inactive license may reactivate his or her license to 20 21 practice pharmacy in accordance with rules adopted by the ((board)) 22 commission.

- 23 **Sec. 13.** RCW 18.64.160 and 1993 c 367 s 13 are each amended to 24 read as follows:
- In addition to the grounds under RCW 18.130.170 and 18.130.180, the ((board of pharmacy)) commission may take disciplinary action against the license of any pharmacist or intern upon proof that:
- 28 (1) His or her license was procured through fraud, 29 misrepresentation, or deceit;
 - (2) In the event that a pharmacist is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be mentally incompetent, the pharmacist shall automatically have his or her license suspended by the ((board)) commission upon the entry of the judgment, regardless of the pendency of an appeal;
- 35 (3) He or she has knowingly violated or permitted the violation of 36 any provision of any state or federal law, rule, or regulation

p. 19 HB 1609.SL

- governing the possession, use, distribution, or dispensing of drugs, including, but not limited to, the violation of any provision of this chapter, Title 69 RCW, or rule or regulation of the ((board)) commission;
 - (4) He or she has knowingly allowed any unlicensed person to take charge of a pharmacy or engage in the practice of pharmacy, except a pharmacy intern or pharmacy assistant acting as authorized in this chapter or chapter 18.64A RCW in the presence of and under the immediate supervision of a licensed pharmacist;
- 10 (5) He or she has compounded, dispensed, or caused the compounding or dispensing of any drug or device which contains more or less than the equivalent quantity of ingredient or ingredients specified by the person who prescribed such drug or device: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the pharmacist from exercising professional judgment in the preparation or providing of such drugs or devices.
- 17 **Sec. 14.** RCW 18.64.165 and 1995 c 319 s 5 are each amended to read 18 as follows:
- The ((board)) commission shall have the power to refuse, suspend, or revoke the license of any manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacy, shopkeeper, itinerant vendor, peddler, poison distributor, health care entity, or precursor chemical distributor upon proof that:
- 23 (1) The license was procured through fraud, misrepresentation, or deceit;
- 25 (2) The licensee has violated or has permitted any employee to violate any of the laws of this state or the United States relating to drugs, controlled substances, cosmetics, or nonprescription drugs, or has violated any of the rules and regulations of the ((board-of pharmacy)) commission or has been convicted of a felony.
- 30 **Sec. 15.** RCW 18.64.200 and 1963 c 38 s 11 are each amended to read 31 as follows:
- In any case of the refusal, suspension or revocation of a license by ((said board)) the commission under the provisions of this chapter, appeal may be taken in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act.

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Sec. 16. RCW 18.64.205 and 1996 c 191 s 48 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((board)) commission may adopt rules pursuant to this section authorizing a retired active license status. An individual licensed pursuant to this chapter, who is practicing only in emergent or intermittent circumstances as defined by rule established by the ((board)) commission, may hold a retired active license at a reduced renewal fee established by the secretary under RCW 43.70.250 and Such a license shall meet the continuing education requirements, if any, established by the ((board)) commission for renewals, and is subject to the provisions of the uniform disciplinary act, chapter 18.130 RCW. Individuals who have entered into retired status agreements with the disciplinary authority in any jurisdiction shall not qualify for a retired active license under this section.

Sec. 17. RCW 18.64.245 and 2003 c 53 s 135 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) Every proprietor or manager of a pharmacy shall keep readily available a suitable record of prescriptions which shall preserve for a period of not less than two years the record of every prescription dispensed at such pharmacy which shall be numbered, dated, and filed, and shall produce the same in court or before any grand jury whenever lawfully required to do so. The record shall be maintained either separately from all other records of the pharmacy or in such form that the information required is readily retrievable from ordinary business records of the pharmacy. All recordkeeping requirements for controlled substances must be complied with. Such record of prescriptions shall be for confidential use in the pharmacy, only. The record of prescriptions shall be open for inspection by the ((board of pharmacy)) commission or any officer of the law, who is authorized to enforce chapter 18.64, 69.41, or 69.50 RCW.
 - (2) A person violating this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- **Sec. 18.** RCW 18.64.246 and 2003 c 53 s 136 are each amended to 33 read as follows:
- 34 (1) To every box, bottle, jar, tube or other container of a 35 prescription which is dispensed there shall be fixed a label bearing 36 the name and address of the dispensing pharmacy, the prescription

p. 21 HB 1609.SL

- number, the name of the prescriber, the prescriber's directions, the 1 2 name and strength of the medication, the name of the patient, the date, and the expiration date. The security of the cover or cap on every 3 bottle or jar shall meet safety standards adopted by the ((state board 4 5 of pharmacy)) commission. At the prescriber's request, the name and strength of the medication need not be shown. If the prescription is 6 7 for a combination medication product, the generic names of the medications combined or the trade name used by the manufacturer or 8 distributor for the product shall be noted on the label. 9 The 10 identification of the licensed pharmacist responsible for each dispensing of medication must either be recorded in the pharmacy's 11 record system or on the prescription label. This section shall not 12 13 apply to the dispensing of medications to in-patients in hospitals.
 - (2) A person violating this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 15 **Sec. 19.** RCW 18.64.255 and 2011 c 336 s 495 are each amended to read as follows:

Nothing in this chapter shall operate in any manner:

- (1) To restrict the scope of authorized practice of any practitioner other than a pharmacist, duly licensed as such under the laws of this state. However, a health care entity shall comply with all state and federal laws and rules relating to the dispensing of drugs and the practice of pharmacy; or
- (2) In the absence of the pharmacist from the hospital pharmacy, to prohibit a registered nurse designated by the hospital and the responsible pharmacist from obtaining from the hospital pharmacy such drugs as are needed in an emergency: PROVIDED, That proper record is kept of such emergency, including the date, time, name of prescriber, the name of the nurse obtaining the drugs, and a list of what drugs and quantities of same were obtained; or
- (3) To prevent shopkeepers, itinerant vendors, peddlers, or salespersons from dealing in and selling nonprescription drugs, if such drugs are sold in the original packages of the manufacturer, or in packages put up by a licensed pharmacist in the manner provided by the ((state board of pharmacy)) commission, if such shopkeeper, itinerant vendor, salesperson, or peddler shall have obtained a registration.

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Sec. 20. RCW 18.64.257 and 1987 c 41 s 1 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

This chapter shall not prevent a medicare-approved dialysis center or facility operating a medicare-approved home dialysis program from selling, delivering, possessing, or dispensing directly to its dialysis patients, in case or full shelf lots, if prescribed by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW, those legend drugs determined by the ((board)) commission pursuant to rule.

Sec. 21. RCW 18.64.310 and 1996 c 191 s 49 are each amended to read as follows:

The department shall:

- (1) Establish reasonable license and examination fees and fees for services to other agencies in accordance with RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280. In cases where there are unanticipated demands for services, the department may request payment for services directly from the agencies for whom the services are performed, to the extent that revenues or other funds are available. Drug-related investigations regarding licensed health care practitioners shall be funded by an appropriation to the department from the health professions account. The payment may be made on either an advance or a reimbursable basis as approved by the director of financial management;
- (2) Employ, with confirmation by the ((board)) commission, an executive officer, who shall be exempt from the provisions of chapter 41.06 RCW and who shall be a pharmacist licensed in Washington, and employ inspectors, investigators, chemists, and other persons as necessary to assist it for any purpose which it may deem necessary;
- (3) Investigate and prosecute, at the direction of the ((board)) commission, including use of subpoena powers, violations of law or regulations under its jurisdiction or the jurisdiction of the ((board of pharmacy)) commission;
- (4) Make, at the direction of the ((board)) commission, inspections and investigations of pharmacies and other places, including dispensing machines, in which drugs or devices are stored, held, compounded, dispensed, sold, or administered to the ultimate consumer, to take and analyze any drugs or devices and to seize and condemn any drugs or devices which are adulterated, misbranded, stored, held, dispensed, distributed, administered, or compounded in violation of or contrary to

p. 23 HB 1609.SL

- 1 law. The written operating agreement between the department and the
- 2 ((board)) commission, as required by RCW 43.70.240 shall include
- 3 provisions for the department to involve the ((board)) commission in
- 4 carrying out its duties required by this section.
- **Sec. 22.** RCW 18.64.360 and 2005 c 275 s 3 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
 - (1) For the purposes of this chapter any pharmacy located outside this state that ships, mails, or delivers, in any manner, except when delivered in person to an individual, controlled substances, legend drugs, or devices into this state is a nonresident pharmacy, and shall be licensed by the department of health, and shall disclose to the department the following:
 - (a) The location, names, and titles of all owners including corporate officers and all pharmacists employed by the pharmacy who are dispensing controlled substances, legend drugs, or devices to residents of this state. A report containing this information shall be made on an annual basis and within ninety days after a change of location, corporate officer, or pharmacist;
 - (b) Proof of compliance with all lawful directions and requests for information from the regulatory or licensing agency of the state or Canadian province in which it is licensed as well as with all requests for information made by the department of health under this section. The nonresident pharmacy shall maintain, at all times, a valid unexpired license, permit, or registration to operate the pharmacy in compliance with the laws of the state or Canadian province in which it is located. As a prerequisite to be licensed by the department of health, the nonresident pharmacy shall submit a copy of the most recent inspection report issued by the regulatory licensing agency of the state or Canadian province in which it is located;
 - (c) Proof that it maintains its records of controlled substances, legend drugs, or devices dispensed to patients in this state so that the records are readily retrievable from the records of other drugs dispensed.
- 34 (2) Any pharmacy subject to this section shall, during its regular 35 hours of operation, provide a toll-free telephone service to facilitate 36 communication between patients in this state and a pharmacist at the

pharmacy who has access to the patient's records. This toll-free number shall be disclosed on the label affixed to each container of drugs dispensed to patients in this state.

- (3) A pharmacy subject to this section shall comply with ((board)) commission rules regarding the maintenance and use of patient medication record systems.
- (4) A pharmacy subject to this section shall comply with ((board of pharmacy)) commission rules regarding the provision of drug information to the patient. Drug information may be contained in written form setting forth directions for use and any additional information necessary to assure the proper utilization of the medication prescribed. A label bearing the expiration date of the prescription must be affixed to each box, bottle, jar, tube, or other container of a prescription that is dispensed in this state by a pharmacy subject to this section.
- (5) A pharmacy subject to this section shall not dispense medication in a quantity greater than authorized by the prescriber.
- (6) The license fee specified by the secretary, in accordance with the provisions of RCW 43.70.250, shall not exceed the fee charged to a pharmacy located in this state.
- (7) The license requirements of this section apply to nonresident pharmacies that ship, mail, or deliver controlled substances, legend drugs, and devices into this state only under a prescription. The ((board of pharmacy)) commission may grant an exemption from licensing under this section upon application by an out-of-state pharmacy that restricts its dispensing activity in Washington to isolated transactions.
- (8) Each nonresident pharmacy that ships, mails, or delivers legend drugs or devices into this state shall designate a resident agent in Washington for service of process. The designation of such an agent does not indicate that the nonresident pharmacy is a resident of Washington for tax purposes.
- (9) The ((board)) commission shall attempt to develop a reciprocal licensing agreement for licensure of nonresident pharmacies with Health Canada or an applicable Canadian province. If the ((board)) commission is unable to develop such an agreement, the ((board)) commission shall develop a process to license participating Canadian nonresident pharmacies through on-site inspection and certification.

p. 25 HB 1609.SL

- **Sec. 23.** RCW 18.64.390 and 1991 c 87 s 5 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
 - (1) The ((board)) commission may deny, revoke, or suspend a nonresident pharmacy license or impose a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars per violation for failure to comply with any requirement of RCW 18.64.350 through 18.64.400.
- (2) The ((board)) commission may deny, revoke, or suspend a nonresident pharmacy license or impose a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars per violation for conduct that causes serious bodily or psychological injury to a resident of this state if the secretary has referred the matter to the regulatory or licensing agency in the state in which the pharmacy is located and that regulatory or licensing agency fails to initiate an investigation within forty-five days of the referral under this subsection or fails to make a determination on the referral.
- **Sec. 24.** RCW 18.64.410 and 1991 c 87 s 11 are each amended to read 17 as follows:
- The ((board)) <u>commission</u> may adopt rules to implement the provisions of RCW 18.64.350 through 18.64.400 and 18.64.420.
- **Sec. 25.** RCW 18.64.420 and 2005 c 274 s 226 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

All records, reports, and information obtained by the department from or on behalf of an entity licensed under chapter 48.20, 48.21, 48.44, or 48.46 RCW shall be confidential and exempt from inspection and copying under chapter 42.56 RCW. Nothing in this section restricts the investigation or the proceedings of the ((board)) commission or the department so long as the ((board)) commission and the department comply with the provisions of chapter 42.56 RCW. Nothing in this section or in chapter 42.56 RCW shall restrict the ((board)) commission or the department from complying with any mandatory reporting requirements that exist or may exist under federal law, nor shall the ((board)) commission or the department be restricted from providing to any person the name of any nonresident pharmacy that is or has been licensed or disciplined under RCW 18.64.350 through 18.64.400.

Sec. 26. RCW 18.64.450 and 1995 c 319 s 3 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

- (1) In order for a health care entity to purchase, administer, dispense, and deliver legend drugs, the health care entity must be licensed by the department.
- (2) In order for a health care entity to purchase, administer, dispense, and deliver controlled substances, the health care entity must annually obtain a license from the department in accordance with the ((board's)) commission's rules.
- (3) The receipt, administration, dispensing, and delivery of legend drugs or controlled substances by a health care entity must be performed under the supervision or at the direction of a pharmacist.
 - (4) A health care entity may only administer, dispense, or deliver legend drugs and controlled substances to patients who receive care within the health care entity and in compliance with rules of the ((board)) commission. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit a practitioner, in carrying out his or her licensed responsibilities within a health care entity, from dispensing or delivering to a patient of the health care entity drugs for that patient's personal use in an amount not to exceed seventy-two hours of usage.
- **Sec. 27.** RCW 18.64.470 and 1995 c 319 s 6 are each amended to read 22 as follows:

Every proprietor or manager of a health care entity shall keep readily available a suitable record of drugs, which shall preserve for a period of not less than two years the record of every drug used at such health care entity. The record shall be maintained either separately from all other records of the health care entity or in such form that the information required is readily retrievable from ordinary business records of the health care entity. All recordkeeping requirements for controlled substances must be complied with. Such record of drugs shall be for confidential use in the health care entity, only. The record of drugs shall be open for inspection by the ((board of pharmacy)) commission, who is authorized to enforce chapter 18.64, 69.41, or 69.50 RCW.

Sec. 28. RCW 18.64.480 and 2005 c 275 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

p. 27 HB 1609.SL

- 1 (1) By September 1, 2005, the ((board-of-pharmacy)) commission 2 shall, in consultation with the department and the health care 3 authority, submit a waiver request to the federal food and drug 4 administration that authorizes the importation of prescription drugs 5 from Canada.
 - (2) Upon approval of the federal waiver allowing for the importation of prescription drugs from Canada, the ((board)) commission, in consultation with the department and the health care authority, shall license Canadian pharmacies that provide services to Washington residents under RCW 18.64.350 and 18.64.360.
- 11 **Sec. 29.** RCW 18.64.490 and 2005 c 293 s 2 are each amended to read 12 as follows:
 - (1) By September 1, 2005, the ((board)) commission shall, in consultation with the department and the health care authority, submit a waiver request to the federal food and drug administration that will authorize the state of Washington to license Canadian, United Kingdom, Irish, and other nondomestic prescription drug wholesalers under RCW 18.64.046, thereby providing retail pharmacies licensed in Washington state the opportunity to purchase prescription drugs from approved wholesalers and pass those savings on to consumers. The waiver shall provide that:
 - (a) Canadian, United Kingdom, Irish, and other nondomestic prescription drug wholesalers meet the requirements of RCW 18.64.046 and any rules adopted by the ((board)) commission to implement those requirements;
 - (b) The ((board)) commission must ensure the integrity of the prescription drug products being distributed by:
 - (i) Requiring that prescription drugs purchased from Canadian, United Kingdom, Irish, and other nondomestic wholesalers originate only from approved manufacturing locations;
 - (ii) Routinely testing prescription drugs purchased from Canadian, United Kingdom, Irish, and other nondomestic wholesalers for safety;
- (iii) Establishing safe labeling, tracking, and shipping procedures for prescription drugs purchased from Canadian, United Kingdom, Irish, and other nondomestic wholesalers; and
- (iv) Closely monitoring compliance with RCW 18.64.046 and any rules adopted to implement the waiver;

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(c) The prescription drugs purchased from Canadian, United Kingdom, Irish, and other nondomestic wholesalers must be limited to those that are not temperature sensitive or infused and for which potential savings to consumers can be demonstrated and those available through purchase by individuals only at licensed retail pharmacies;

- (d) To ensure that the program benefits those consumers without insurance coverage for prescription drugs who are most in need of price relief, prescription drug purchases from pharmacies under the waiver will be limited to those not eligible for reimbursement by third party insurance coverage, whether public or private, for the particular drug being purchased; and
- (e) Savings associated with purchasing prescription drugs from Canadian, United Kingdom, Irish, and other nondomestic wholesalers will be passed on to consumers.
- (2) Upon approval of the federal waiver submitted in accordance with subsection (1) of this section, the ((board)) commission, in consultation with the department and the health care authority, shall submit a detailed implementation plan to the governor and appropriate committees of the legislature that details the mechanisms that the ((board)) commission will use to implement each component of the waiver under subsection (1) of this section.
- 22 (3) The ((board)) <u>commission</u> shall adopt rules as necessary to 23 implement chapter 293, Laws of 2005.
 - Sec. 30. RCW 18.64.500 and 2009 c 328 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Effective July 1, 2010, every prescription written in this state by a licensed practitioner must be written on a tamper-resistant prescription pad or paper approved by the ((board)) commission.
 - (2) A pharmacist may not fill a written prescription from a licensed practitioner unless it is written on an approved tamper-resistant prescription pad or paper, except that a pharmacist may provide emergency supplies in accordance with the ((board)) commission and other insurance contract requirements.
- 34 (3) If a hard copy of an electronic prescription is given directly 35 to the patient, the manually signed hard copy prescription must be on 36 approved tamper-resistant paper that meets the requirements of this 37 section.

p. 29 HB 1609.SL

- 1 (4) For the purposes of this section, "tamper-resistant prescription pads or paper" means a prescription pad or paper that has been approved by the ((board)) commission for use and contains the following characteristics:
 - (a) One or more industry-recognized features designed to prevent unauthorized copying of a completed or blank prescription form;
 - (b) One or more industry-recognized features designed to prevent the erasure or modification of information written on the prescription form by the practitioner; and
 - (c) One or more industry-recognized features designed to prevent the use of counterfeit prescription forms.
 - (5) Practitioners shall employ reasonable safeguards to assure against theft or unauthorized use of prescriptions.
 - (6) All vendors must have their tamper-resistant prescription pads or paper approved by the ((board)) commission prior to the marketing or sale of pads or paper in Washington state.
 - (7) The ((board)) commission shall create a seal of approval that confirms that a pad or paper contains all three industry-recognized characteristics required by this section. The seal must be affixed to all prescription pads or paper used in this state.
 - (8) The ((board)) commission may adopt rules necessary for the administration of chapter 328, Laws of 2009.
 - (9) The tamper-resistant prescription pad or paper requirements in this section shall not apply to:
 - (a) Prescriptions that are transmitted to the pharmacy by telephone, facsimile, or electronic means; or
 - (b) Prescriptions written for inpatients of a hospital, outpatients of a hospital, residents of a nursing home, inpatients or residents of a mental health facility, or individuals incarcerated in a local, state, or federal correction facility, when the health care practitioner authorized to write prescriptions writes the order into the patient's medical or clinical record, the order is given directly to the pharmacy, and the patient never has the opportunity to handle the written order.
- 35 (10) All acts related to the prescribing, dispensing, and records 36 maintenance of all prescriptions shall be in compliance with applicable 37 federal and state laws, rules, and regulations.

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Sec. 31. RCW 18.64.510 and 2009 c 411 s 2 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

Nothing in this chapter or in any provision of law shall be interpreted to invest the ((board)) commission with the authority to regulate or establish standards regarding a jail as defined in RCW 70.48.020 that does not operate, in whole or in part, a pharmacy or a correctional pharmacy. This section does not limit the ((board's)) commission's authority to regulate a pharmacist that has entered into an agreement with a jail for the provision of pharmaceutical services.

Sec. 32. RCW 18.64A.010 and 1997 c 417 s 1 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

Terms used in this chapter shall have the meaning set forth in this section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

- (1) (("Board"-means-the-state-board-of-pharmacy;)) "Commission" means the pharmacy quality assurance commission;
 - (2) "Department" means the department of health;
- (3) "Pharmacist" means a person duly licensed by the ((state board of pharmacy)) commission to engage in the practice of pharmacy;
 - (4) "Pharmacy" means every place properly licensed by the ((board of pharmacy)) commission where the practice of pharmacy is conducted;
 - (5) "Pharmacy ancillary personnel" means pharmacy technicians and pharmacy assistants;
 - (6) "Pharmacy technician" means:

- (a) A person who is enrolled in, or who has satisfactorily completed, a ((board)) commission—approved training program designed to prepare persons to perform nondiscretionary functions associated with the practice of pharmacy; or
- (b) A person who is a graduate with a degree in pharmacy or medicine of a foreign school, university, or college recognized by the ((board)) commission;
- (7) "Pharmacy assistant" means a person registered by the ((board)) commission to perform limited functions in the pharmacy;
- 33 (8) "Practice of pharmacy" means the definition given in RCW 34 18.64.011;
- 35 (9) "Secretary" means the secretary of health or the secretary's designee.

p. 31 HB 1609.SL

- Sec. 33. RCW 18.64A.020 and 2011 c 71 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1)(a) The ((board)) commission shall adopt, in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW, rules fixing the classification and qualifications and the educational and training requirements for persons who may be employed as pharmacy technicians or who may be enrolled in any pharmacy technician training program. Such rules shall provide that:
- 8 (i) Licensed pharmacists shall supervise the training of pharmacy 9 technicians;
 - (ii) Training programs shall assure the competence of pharmacy technicians to aid and assist pharmacy operations. Training programs shall consist of instruction and/or practical training; and
- 13 (iii) Pharmacy technicians shall complete continuing education 14 requirements established in rule by the ((board)) commission.
 - (b) Such rules may include successful completion of examinations for applicants for pharmacy technician certificates. If such examination rules are adopted, the ((board)) commission shall prepare or determine the nature of, and supervise the grading of the examinations. The ((board)) commission may approve an examination prepared or administered by a private testing agency or association of licensing authorities.
 - (2) The ((board)) commission may disapprove or revoke approval of any training program for failure to conform to ((board)) commission rules. In the case of the disapproval or revocation of approval of a training program by the ((board)) commission, a hearing shall be conducted in accordance with RCW 18.64.160, and appeal may be taken in accordance with the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW.
- 28 **Sec. 34.** RCW 18.64A.025 and 2011 c 32 s 5 are each amended to read 29 as follows:
- An applicant with military training or experience satisfies the training and experience requirements of this chapter unless the ((board)) commission determines that the military training or experience is not substantially equivalent to the standards of this state.
- 35 **Sec. 35.** RCW 18.64A.030 and 1997 c 417 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

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The ((board)) commission shall adopt, in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW, rules governing the extent to which pharmacy ancillary personnel may perform services associated with the practice of pharmacy. These rules shall provide for the certification of pharmacy technicians by the department at a fee determined by the secretary under RCW 43.70.250:

- (1) "Pharmacy technicians" may assist in performing, under the supervision and control of a licensed pharmacist, manipulative, nondiscretionary functions associated with the practice of pharmacy and other such duties and subject to such restrictions as the ((board)) commission may by rule adopt.
- (2) "Pharmacy assistants" may perform, under the supervision of a licensed pharmacist, duties including but not limited to, typing of prescription labels, filing, refiling, bookkeeping, pricing, stocking, delivery, nonprofessional phone inquiries, and documentation of third party reimbursements and other such duties and subject to such restrictions as the ((board)) commission may by rule adopt.
- **Sec. 36.** RCW 18.64A.040 and 1997 c 417 s 4 are each amended to 19 read as follows:
 - (1) Pharmacy ancillary personnel shall practice pharmacy in this state only after authorization by the ((board)) commission and only to the extent permitted by the ((board)) commission in accordance with this chapter.
 - (2) A pharmacist shall be assisted by pharmacy ancillary personnel in the practice of pharmacy in this state only after authorization by the ((board)) commission and only to the extent permitted by the ((board)) commission in accordance with this chapter: PROVIDED, That no pharmacist may supervise more than one pharmacy technician: PROVIDED FURTHER, That in pharmacies operating in connection with facilities licensed pursuant to chapter 70.41, 71.12, 71A.20, or 74.42 RCW, whether or not situated within the said facility which shall be physically separated from any area of a pharmacy where dispensing of prescriptions to the general public occurs, the ratio of pharmacists to pharmacy technicians shall be as follows: In the preparation of medicine or other materials used by patients within the facility, one pharmacist supervising no more than three pharmacy technicians; in the

p. 33 HB 1609.SL

preparation of medicine or other materials dispensed to persons not patients within the facility, one pharmacist supervising not more than one pharmacy technician.

- (3) The ((board)) commission may by rule modify the standard ratios set out in subsection (2) of this section governing the utilization of pharmacy technicians by pharmacies and pharmacists. Should a pharmacy desire to use more pharmacy technicians than the standard ratios, the pharmacy must submit to the ((board)) commission a pharmacy services plan for approval.
- (a) The pharmacy services plan shall include, at a minimum, the following information: Pharmacy design and equipment, information systems, workflow, and quality assurance procedures. In addition, the pharmacy services plan shall demonstrate how it facilitates the provision of pharmaceutical care by the pharmacy.
- 15 (b) Prior to approval of a pharmacy services plan, the ((board))
 16 <u>commission</u> may require additional information to ensure appropriate
 17 oversight of pharmacy ancillary personnel.
- 18 (c) The ((board)) <u>commission</u> may give conditional approval for pilot or demonstration projects.
- 20 (d) Variance from the approved pharmacy services plan is grounds 21 for disciplinary action under RCW 18.64A.050.
- 22 **Sec. 37.** RCW 18.64A.050 and 1997 c 417 s 5 are each amended to 23 read as follows:
 - In addition to the grounds under RCW 18.130.170 and 18.130.180, the ((board of pharmacy)) commission may take disciplinary action against the certificate of any pharmacy technician upon proof that:
- 27 (1) His or her certificate was procured through fraud, 28 misrepresentation or deceit;
 - (2) He or she has been found guilty of any offense in violation of the laws of this state relating to drugs, poisons, cosmetics or drug sundries by any court of competent jurisdiction. Nothing herein shall be construed to affect or alter the provisions of RCW 9.96A.020;
- 33 (3) He or she has exhibited gross incompetency in the performance 34 of his or her duties;
- 35 (4) He or she has willfully or repeatedly violated any of the rules 36 and regulations of the ((board-of-pharmacy)) commission or of the 37 department;

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- 1 (5) He or she has willfully or repeatedly performed duties beyond 2 the scope of his or her certificate in violation of the provisions of 3 this chapter; or
 - (6) He or she has impersonated a licensed pharmacist.

Sec. 38. RCW 18.64A.060 and 1997 c 417 s 6 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

No pharmacy licensed in this state shall utilize the services of pharmacy ancillary personnel without approval of the ((board)) commission.

Any pharmacy licensed in this state may apply to the ((board)) commission for permission to use the services of pharmacy ancillary personnel. The application shall be accompanied by a fee and shall comply with administrative procedures and administrative requirements set pursuant to RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280, shall detail the manner and extent to which the pharmacy ancillary personnel would be used and supervised, and shall provide other information in such form as the secretary may require.

The ((board)) commission may approve or reject such applications. In addition, the ((board)) commission may modify the proposed utilization of pharmacy ancillary personnel and approve the application as modified. Whenever it appears to the ((board)) commission that pharmacy ancillary personnel are being utilized in a manner inconsistent with the approval granted, the ((board)) commission may withdraw such approval. In the event a hearing is requested upon the rejection of an application, or upon the withdrawal of approval, a hearing shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 18.64 RCW, as now or hereafter amended, and appeal may be taken in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW.

- **Sec. 39.** RCW 18.64A.070 and 1997 c 417 s 7 are each amended to 30 read as follows:
- 31 (1) Persons presently assisting a pharmacist by performing the 32 functions of a pharmacy technician may continue to do so under the 33 supervision of a licensed pharmacist: PROVIDED, That within eighteen 34 months after May 28, 1977, such persons shall be in compliance with the 35 provisions of this chapter.

p. 35 HB 1609.SL

- 1 (2) Pharmacies presently employing persons to perform the functions 2 of a pharmacy technician may continue to do so while obtaining 3 ((board)) commission approval for the use of certified pharmacy 4 technicians: PROVIDED, That within eighteen months after May 28, 1977, 5 such pharmacies shall be in compliance with the provisions of this 6 chapter.
- 7 **Sec. 40.** RCW 18.64A.080 and 1997 c 417 s 8 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

A pharmacy or pharmacist which utilizes the services of pharmacy ancillary personnel with approval by the ((board)) commission, is not aiding and abetting an unlicensed person to practice pharmacy within the meaning of chapter 18.64 RCW: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That the pharmacy or pharmacist shall retain responsibility for any act performed by pharmacy ancillary personnel in the course of employment.

15 **Sec. 41.** RCW 18.92.012 and 1991 c 47 s 1 are each amended to read 16 as follows:

A veterinarian licensed under this chapter may dispense veterinary legend drugs prescribed by other veterinarians licensed under this chapter, so long as, during any year, the total drugs so dispensed do not constitute more than five percent of the total dosage units of legend drugs the veterinarian dispenses and the veterinarian maintains records of his or her dispensing activities consistent with the requirements of chapters 18.64, 69.04, 69.41, and 69.50 RCW. For purposes of this section, a "veterinary legend drug" is a legend drug, as defined in chapter 69.41 RCW, which is either: (1) Restricted to use by licensed veterinarians by any law or regulation of the federal government, or (2) designated by rule by the ((state-board-of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission as being a legend drug that one licensed veterinarian may dispense for another licensed veterinarian under this section.

- 31 **Sec. 42.** RCW 18.92.013 and 2009 c 136 s 1 are each amended to read 32 as follows:
- 33 (1) A veterinarian legally prescribing drugs may delegate to a 34 registered veterinary medication clerk, while under the veterinarian's 35 direct supervision, certain nondiscretionary functions defined by the

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- board and used in the preparing of legend and nonlegend drugs (except 1 2 controlled substances as defined in or under chapter 69.50 RCW) associated with the practice of veterinary medicine. A veterinarian 3 legally prescribing drugs may delegate to a licensed veterinary 4 technician, while under the veterinarian's indirect supervision, 5 certain nondiscretionary functions defined by the board and used in the 6 7 preparing of legend drugs, nonlegend drugs, and controlled substances associated with the practice of veterinary medicine. Upon final 8 approval of the packaged prescription following a direct physical 9 10 inspection of the packaged prescription for proper formulation, packaging, and labeling by the veterinarian, the veterinarian may 11 12 delegate the delivery of the prescription to a registered veterinary 13 medication clerk or licensed veterinary technician, while under the 14 veterinarian's indirect supervision. Dispensing of drugs veterinarians, licensed veterinary technicians, and 15 registered veterinary medication clerks shall meet the applicable requirements of 16 17 chapters 18.64, 69.40, 69.41, and 69.50 RCW and is subject to inspection by the ((board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance 18 commission investigators. 19
 - (2) A licensed veterinary technician may administer legend drugs under chapter 69.41 RCW and controlled substances under chapter 69.50 RCW under indirect supervision of a veterinarian.
 - (3) For the purposes of this section:

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- 24 (a) "Direct supervision" means the veterinarian is on the premises 25 and is quickly and easily available; and
- 26 (b) "Indirect supervision" means the veterinarian is not on the 27 premises but has given written or oral instructions for the delegated 28 task.
- 29 **Sec. 43.** RCW 18.92.015 and 2007 c 235 s 1 are each amended to read 30 as follows:
- The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 33 (1) "Board" means the Washington state veterinary board of 34 governors.
- 35 (2) "Department" means the department of health.
- 36 (3) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of health.

p. 37 HB 1609.SL

- "Veterinary medication clerk" means a person who 1 2 satisfactorily completed a board-approved training program developed in consultation with the ((board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance 3 4 commission and designed to prepare persons to perform certain 5 nondiscretionary functions defined by the board and used in the dispensing of legend and nonlegend drugs (except controlled substances 6 7 as defined in or under chapter 69.50 RCW) associated with the practice 8 of veterinary medicine.
- 9 (5) "Veterinary technician" means a person who is licensed by the board upon meeting the requirements of RCW 18.92.128.
- 11 Sec. 44. RCW 18.130.040 and 2012 c 208 s 10, 2012 c 153 s 16, 2012 c 137 s 19, and 2012 c 23 s 6 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) This chapter applies only to the secretary and the boards and commissions having jurisdiction in relation to the professions licensed under the chapters specified in this section. This chapter does not apply to any business or profession not licensed under the chapters specified in this section.
- 19 (2)(a) The secretary has authority under this chapter in relation 20 to the following professions:
- 21 (i) Dispensing opticians licensed and designated apprentices under 22 chapter 18.34 RCW;
 - (ii) Midwives licensed under chapter 18.50 RCW;
- 24 (iii) Ocularists licensed under chapter 18.55 RCW;
- 25 (iv) Massage practitioners and businesses licensed under chapter 26 18.108 RCW;
 - (v) Dental hygienists licensed under chapter 18.29 RCW;
- 28 (vi) East Asian medicine practitioners licensed under chapter 18.06 29 RCW;
- (vii) Radiologic technologists certified and X-ray technicians registered under chapter 18.84 RCW;
- 32 (viii) Respiratory care practitioners licensed under chapter 18.89
 33 RCW;
- (ix) Hypnotherapists and agency affiliated counselors registered and advisors and counselors certified under chapter 18.19 RCW;
- 36 (x) Persons licensed as mental health counselors, mental health 37 counselor associates, marriage and family therapists, marriage and

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- 1 family therapist associates, social workers, social work associates--
- 2 advanced, and social work associates -- independent clinical under
- 3 chapter 18.225 RCW;
- 4 (xi) Persons registered as nursing pool operators under chapter 5 18.52C RCW;
- 6 (xii) Nursing assistants registered or certified or medication 7 assistants endorsed under chapter 18.88A RCW;
- 8 (xiii) Health care assistants certified under chapter 18.135 RCW;
- 9 (xiv) Dietitians and nutritionists certified under chapter 18.138
- 10 RCW;
- 11 (xv) Chemical dependency professionals and chemical dependency 12 professional trainees certified under chapter 18.205 RCW;
- 13 (xvi) Sex offender treatment providers and certified affiliate sex 14 offender treatment providers certified under chapter 18.155 RCW;
- 15 (xvii) Persons licensed and certified under chapter 18.73 RCW or 16 RCW 18.71.205;
- 17 (xviii) Denturists licensed under chapter 18.30 RCW;
- 18 (xix) Orthotists and prosthetists licensed under chapter 18.200 19 RCW;
- 20 (xx) Surgical technologists registered under chapter 18.215 RCW;
- 21 (xxi) Recreational therapists under chapter 18.230 RCW;
- 22 (xxii) Animal massage practitioners certified under chapter 18.240
- 23 RCW;
- 24 (xxiii) Athletic trainers licensed under chapter 18.250 RCW;
- 25 (xxiv) Home care aides certified under chapter 18.88B RCW;
- 26 (xxv) Genetic counselors licensed under chapter 18.290 RCW; ((and))
- 27 (xxvi) Reflexologists certified under chapter 18.108 RCW; and
- 28 (xxvii) Medical assistants-certified, medical assistants-
- 29 hemodialysis technician, medical assistants-phlebotomist, and medical
- 30 assistants-registered certified and registered under chapter 18.360
- 31 RCW.
- 32 (b) The boards and commissions having authority under this chapter
- 33 are as follows:
- 34 (i) The podiatric medical board as established in chapter 18.22
- 35 RCW;
- 36 (ii) The chiropractic quality assurance commission as established
- 37 in chapter 18.25 RCW;

p. 39 HB 1609.SL

- 1 (iii) The dental quality assurance commission as established in 2 chapter 18.32 RCW governing licenses issued under chapter 18.32 RCW,
- 3 licenses and registrations issued under chapter 18.260 RCW, and
- 4 certifications issued under chapter 18.350 RCW;
- 5 (iv) The board of hearing and speech as established in chapter 6 18.35 RCW;
- 7 (v) The board of examiners for nursing home administrators as 8 established in chapter 18.52 RCW;
- 9 (vi) The optometry board as established in chapter 18.54 RCW 10 governing licenses issued under chapter 18.53 RCW;
- (vii) The board of osteopathic medicine and surgery as established in chapter 18.57 RCW governing licenses issued under chapters 18.57 and 13 18.57A RCW;
- (viii) The ((board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.64 RCW governing licenses issued under chapters 18.64 and 18.64A RCW;
- 17 (ix) The medical quality assurance commission as established in 18 chapter 18.71 RCW governing licenses and registrations issued under 19 chapters 18.71 and 18.71A RCW;
- 20 (x) The board of physical therapy as established in chapter 18.74 21 RCW;
- 22 (xi) The board of occupational therapy practice as established in chapter 18.59 RCW;
- 24 (xii) The nursing care quality assurance commission as established 25 in chapter 18.79 RCW governing licenses and registrations issued under 26 that chapter;
- 27 (xiii) The examining board of psychology and its disciplinary 28 committee as established in chapter 18.83 RCW;
- 29 (xiv) The veterinary board of governors as established in chapter 30 18.92 RCW; and
 - (xv) The board of naturopathy established in chapter 18.36A RCW.
- 32 (3) In addition to the authority to discipline license holders, the 33 disciplining authority has the authority to grant or deny licenses.
- 34 The disciplining authority may also grant a license subject to 35 conditions.
- 36 (4) All disciplining authorities shall adopt procedures to ensure 37 substantially consistent application of this chapter, the uniform

- 1 disciplinary act, among the disciplining authorities listed in 2 subsection (2) of this section.
- 3 **Sec. 45.** RCW 18.130.040 and 2012 c 208 s 10, 2012 c 153 s 17, 2012 c 137 s 19, and 2012 c 23 s 6 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) This chapter applies only to the secretary and the boards and commissions having jurisdiction in relation to the professions licensed under the chapters specified in this section. This chapter does not apply to any business or profession not licensed under the chapters specified in this section.
- 11 (2)(a) The secretary has authority under this chapter in relation 12 to the following professions:
- 13 (i) Dispensing opticians licensed and designated apprentices under 14 chapter 18.34 RCW;
 - (ii) Midwives licensed under chapter 18.50 RCW;

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- (iii) Ocularists licensed under chapter 18.55 RCW;
- 17 (iv) Massage practitioners and businesses licensed under chapter 18 18.108 RCW;
- 19 (v) Dental hygienists licensed under chapter 18.29 RCW;
- 20 (vi) East Asian medicine practitioners licensed under chapter 18.06 21 RCW;
- (vii) Radiologic technologists certified and X-ray technicians registered under chapter 18.84 RCW;
- (viii) Respiratory care practitioners licensed under chapter 18.89 RCW;
- 26 (ix) Hypnotherapists and agency affiliated counselors registered 27 and advisors and counselors certified under chapter 18.19 RCW;
- 28 (x) Persons licensed as mental health counselors, mental health 29 counselor associates, marriage and family therapists, marriage and 30 family therapist associates, social workers, social work associates— 31 advanced, and social work associates—independent clinical under 32 chapter 18.225 RCW;
- 33 (xi) Persons registered as nursing pool operators under chapter 34 18.52C RCW;
- 35 (xii) Nursing assistants registered or certified or medication 36 assistants endorsed under chapter 18.88A RCW;

p. 41 HB 1609.SL

- 1 (xiii) Dietitians and nutritionists certified under chapter 18.138
- 2 RCW;
- 3 (xiv) Chemical dependency professionals and chemical dependency 4 professional trainees certified under chapter 18.205 RCW;
- 5 (xv) Sex offender treatment providers and certified affiliate sex 6 offender treatment providers certified under chapter 18.155 RCW;
- 7 (xvi) Persons licensed and certified under chapter 18.73 RCW or RCW 8 18.71.205;
- 9 (xvii) Denturists licensed under chapter 18.30 RCW;
- 10 (xviii) Orthotists and prosthetists licensed under chapter 18.200
- 11 RCW;
- 12 (xix) Surgical technologists registered under chapter 18.215 RCW;
- 13 (xx) Recreational therapists under chapter 18.230 RCW;
- 14 (xxi) Animal massage practitioners certified under chapter 18.240
- 15 RCW;
- 16 (xxii) Athletic trainers licensed under chapter 18.250 RCW;
- 17 (xxiii) Home care aides certified under chapter 18.88B RCW;
- 18 (xxiv) Genetic counselors licensed under chapter 18.290 RCW;
- 19 ((and))
- 20 (xxv) Reflexologists certified under chapter 18.108 RCW; and
- 21 (xxvi) Medical assistants-certified, medical assistants-
- 22 hemodialysis technician, medical assistants-phlebotomist, and medical
- 23 assistants-registered certified and registered under chapter 18.360
- 24 RCW.
- 25 (b) The boards and commissions having authority under this chapter
- 26 are as follows:
- 27 (i) The podiatric medical board as established in chapter 18.22
- 28 RCW;
- 29 (ii) The chiropractic quality assurance commission as established
- 30 in chapter 18.25 RCW;
- 31 (iii) The dental quality assurance commission as established in
- 32 chapter 18.32 RCW governing licenses issued under chapter 18.32 RCW,
- 33 licenses and registrations issued under chapter 18.260 RCW, and
- 34 certifications issued under chapter 18.350 RCW;
- 35 (iv) The board of hearing and speech as established in chapter
- 36 18.35 RCW;
- 37 (v) The board of examiners for nursing home administrators as
- 38 established in chapter 18.52 RCW;

- 1 (vi) The optometry board as established in chapter 18.54 RCW 2 governing licenses issued under chapter 18.53 RCW;
- (vii) The board of osteopathic medicine and surgery as established in chapter 18.57 RCW governing licenses issued under chapters 18.57 and 18.57A RCW;
- 6 (viii) The ((board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance
 7 commission as established in chapter 18.64 RCW governing licenses
 8 issued under chapters 18.64 and 18.64A RCW;
- 9 (ix) The medical quality assurance commission as established in 10 chapter 18.71 RCW governing licenses and registrations issued under 11 chapters 18.71 and 18.71A RCW;
- 12 (x) The board of physical therapy as established in chapter 18.74 13 RCW;
- 14 (xi) The board of occupational therapy practice as established in chapter 18.59 RCW;
- 16 (xii) The nursing care quality assurance commission as established 17 in chapter 18.79 RCW governing licenses and registrations issued under 18 that chapter;
- 19 (xiii) The examining board of psychology and its disciplinary 20 committee as established in chapter 18.83 RCW;
- 21 (xiv) The veterinary board of governors as established in chapter 22 18.92 RCW; and
 - (xv) The board of naturopathy established in chapter 18.36A RCW.
- 24 (3) In addition to the authority to discipline license holders, the 25 disciplining authority has the authority to grant or deny licenses. 26 The disciplining authority may also grant a license subject to
- 27 conditions.

- (4) All disciplining authorities shall adopt procedures to ensure substantially consistent application of this chapter, the uniform disciplinary act, among the disciplining authorities listed in subsection (2) of this section.
- 32 Sec. 46. RCW 28B.115.020 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 11 s 204 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 34 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 35 this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 36 (1) "Credentialed health care profession" means a health care 37 profession regulated by a disciplining authority in the state of

p. 43 HB 1609.SL

- Washington under RCW 18.130.040 or by the ((state board of pharmacy))

 pharmacy quality assurance commission under chapter 18.64 RCW and

 designated by the department in RCW 28B.115.070 as a profession having

 shortages of credentialed health care professionals in the state.
 - (2) "Credentialed health care professional" means a person regulated by a disciplining authority in the state of Washington to practice a health care profession under RCW 18.130.040 or by the ((state board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission under chapter 18.64 RCW.
 - (3) "Department" means the state department of health.
 - (4) "Eligible education and training programs" means education and training programs approved by the department that lead to eligibility for a credential as a credentialed health care professional.
 - (5) "Eligible expenses" means reasonable expenses associated with the costs of acquiring an education such as tuition, books, equipment, fees, room and board, and other expenses determined by the office.
 - (6) "Eligible student" means a student who has been accepted into an eligible education or training program and has a declared intention to serve in a health professional shortage area upon completion of the education or training program.
 - (7) "Forgiven" or "to forgive" or "forgiveness" means to render health care services in a health professional shortage area in the state of Washington in lieu of monetary repayment.
 - (8) "Health professional shortage areas" means those areas where credentialed health care professionals are in short supply as a result of geographic maldistribution or as the result of a short supply of credentialed health care professionals in specialty health care areas and where vacancies exist in serious numbers that jeopardize patient care and pose a threat to the public health and safety. The department shall determine health professional shortage areas as provided for in RCW 28B.115.070. In making health professional shortage area designations in the state the department may be guided by applicable federal standards for "health manpower shortage areas," and "medically underserved areas," and "medically underserved populations."
- 35 (9) "Loan repayment" means a loan that is paid in full or in part 36 if the participant renders health care services in a health 37 professional shortage area as defined by the department.

- 1 (10) "Nonshortage rural area" means a nonurban area of the state of 2 Washington that has not been designated as a rural physician shortage 3 area. The department shall identify the nonshortage rural areas of the 4 state.
 - (11) "Office" means the office of student financial assistance.
 - (12) "Participant" means a credentialed health care professional who has received a loan repayment award and has commenced practice as a credentialed health care provider in a designated health professional shortage area or an eligible student who has received a scholarship under this program.
 - (13) "Program" means the health professional loan repayment and scholarship program.
 - (14) "Required service obligation" means an obligation by the participant to provide health care services in a health professional shortage area for a period to be established as provided for in this chapter.
 - (15) "Rural physician shortage area" means rural geographic areas where primary care physicians are in short supply as a result of geographic maldistributions and where their limited numbers jeopardize patient care and pose a threat to public health and safety. The department shall designate rural physician shortage areas.
 - (16) "Satisfied" means paid-in-full.

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- 23 (17) "Scholarship" means a loan that is forgiven in whole or in 24 part if the recipient renders health care services in a health 25 professional shortage area.
- (18) "Sponsoring community" means a rural hospital or hospitals as authorized in chapter 70.41 RCW, a rural health care facility or facilities as authorized in chapter 70.175 RCW, or a city or county government or governments.
- 30 **Sec. 47.** RCW 42.56.360 and 2010 c 128 s 3 and 2010 c 52 s 6 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 32 (1) The following health care information is exempt from disclosure 33 under this chapter:
- 34 (a) Information obtained by the ((board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy 35 quality assurance commission as provided in RCW 69.45.090;
- 36 (b) Information obtained by the ((board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy

p. 45 HB 1609.SL

- <u>quality assurance commission</u> or the department of health and its representatives as provided in RCW 69.41.044, 69.41.280, and 18.64.420;
- (c) Information and documents created specifically for, and collected and maintained by a quality improvement committee under RCW 43.70.510, 70.230.080, or 70.41.200, or by a peer review committee under RCW 4.24.250, or by a quality assurance committee pursuant to RCW 74.42.640 or 18.20.390, or by a hospital, as defined in RCW 43.70.056, for reporting of health care-associated infections under RCW 43.70.056, a notification of an incident under RCW 70.56.040(5), and reports regarding adverse events under RCW 70.56.020(2)(b), regardless of which agency is in possession of the information and documents;
 - (d)(i) Proprietary financial and commercial information that the submitting entity, with review by the department of health, specifically identifies at the time it is submitted and that is provided to or obtained by the department of health in connection with an application for, or the supervision of, an antitrust exemption sought by the submitting entity under RCW 43.72.310;
 - (ii) If a request for such information is received, the submitting entity must be notified of the request. Within ten business days of receipt of the notice, the submitting entity shall provide a written statement of the continuing need for confidentiality, which shall be provided to the requester. Upon receipt of such notice, the department of health shall continue to treat information designated under this subsection (1)(d) as exempt from disclosure;
 - (iii) If the requester initiates an action to compel disclosure under this chapter, the submitting entity must be joined as a party to demonstrate the continuing need for confidentiality;
- 28 (e) Records of the entity obtained in an action under RCW 18.71.300 through 18.71.340;
- 30 (f) Complaints filed under chapter 18.130 RCW after July 27, 1997, 31 to the extent provided in RCW 18.130.095(1);
- 32 (g) Information obtained by the department of health under chapter 33 70.225 RCW;
- (h) Information collected by the department of health under chapter
 70.245 RCW except as provided in RCW 70.245.150;
- 36 (i) Cardiac and stroke system performance data submitted to 37 national, state, or local data collection systems under RCW 38 70.168.150(2)(b); and

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1 (j) All documents, including completed forms, received pursuant to 2 a wellness program under RCW 41.04.362, but not statistical reports 3 that do not identify an individual.

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- (2) Chapter 70.02 RCW applies to public inspection and copying of health care information of patients.
- (3)(a) Documents related to infant mortality reviews conducted pursuant to RCW 70.05.170 are exempt from disclosure as provided for in RCW 70.05.170(3).
- (b)(i) If an agency provides copies of public records to another agency that are exempt from public disclosure under this subsection (3), those records remain exempt to the same extent the records were exempt in the possession of the originating entity.
- (ii) For notice purposes only, agencies providing exempt records under this subsection (3) to other agencies may mark any exempt records as "exempt" so that the receiving agency is aware of the exemption, however whether or not a record is marked exempt does not affect whether the record is actually exempt from disclosure.
- 18 **Sec. 48.** RCW 51.36.010 and 2011 c 6 s 1 are each amended to read 19 as follows:
 - (1) The legislature finds that high quality medical treatment and adherence to occupational health best practices can prevent disability and reduce loss of family income for workers, and lower labor and insurance costs for employers. Injured workers deserve high quality medical care in accordance with current health care best practices. this end, the department shall establish minimum standards for providers who treat workers from both state fund and self-insured employers. The department shall establish a health care provider network to treat injured workers, and shall accept providers into the network who meet those minimum standards. The department shall convene an advisory group made up of representatives from or designees of the workers' compensation advisory committee and the industrial insurance medical and chiropractic advisory committees to consider and advise the department related to implementation of this section, including development of best practices treatment guidelines for providers in the The department shall also seek the input of various health care provider groups and associations concerning the network's implementation. Network providers must be required to follow the

p. 47 HB 1609.SL

- evidence-based coverage decisions and guidelines, policies, and must be expected to follow other national treatment quidelines appropriate for their patient. The department, in collaboration with the advisory group, shall also establish additional best practice standards for providers to qualify for a second tier within the network, based on demonstrated use of occupational health best practices. This second tier is separate from and in addition to the centers for occupational health and education established under subsection (5) of this section.
 - (2)(a) Upon the occurrence of any injury to a worker entitled to compensation under the provisions of this title, he or she shall receive proper and necessary medical and surgical services at the hands of a physician or licensed advanced registered nurse practitioner of his or her own choice, if conveniently located, except as provided in (b) of this subsection, and proper and necessary hospital care and services during the period of his or her disability from such injury.
 - (b) Once the provider network is established in the worker's geographic area, an injured worker may receive care from a nonnetwork provider only for an initial office or emergency room visit. However, the department or self-insurer may limit reimbursement to the department's standard fee for the services. The provider must comply with all applicable billing policies and must accept the department's fee schedule as payment in full.
 - (c) The department, in collaboration with the advisory group, shall adopt policies for the development, credentialing, accreditation, and continued oversight of a network of health care providers approved to treat injured workers. Health care providers shall apply to the network by completing the department's provider application which shall have the force of a contract with the department to treat injured workers. The advisory group shall recommend minimum network standards for the department to approve a provider's application, to remove a provider from the network, or to require peer review such as, but not limited to:
 - (i) Current malpractice insurance coverage exceeding a dollar amount threshold, number, or seriousness of malpractice suits over a specific time frame;
 - (ii) Previous malpractice judgments or settlements that do not

exceed a dollar amount threshold recommended by the advisory group, or a specific number or seriousness of malpractice suits over a specific time frame;

- (iii) No licensing or disciplinary action in any jurisdiction or loss of treating or admitting privileges by any board, commission, agency, public or private health care payer, or hospital;
- (iv) For some specialties such as surgeons, privileges in at least one hospital;
- (v) Whether the provider has been credentialed by another health plan that follows national quality assurance guidelines; and
- 11 (vi) Alternative criteria for providers that are not credentialed 12 by another health plan.

The department shall develop alternative criteria for providers that are not credentialed by another health plan or as needed to address access to care concerns in certain regions.

- (d) Network provider contracts will automatically renew at the end of the contract period unless the department provides written notice of changes in contract provisions or the department or provider provides written notice of contract termination. The industrial insurance medical advisory committee shall develop criteria for removal of a provider from the network to be presented to the department and advisory group for consideration in the development of contract terms.
- (e) In order to monitor quality of care and assure efficient management of the provider network, the department shall establish additional criteria and terms for network participation including, but not limited to, requiring compliance with administrative and billing policies.
- (f) The advisory group shall recommend best practices standards to the department to use in determining second tier network providers. The department shall develop and implement financial and nonfinancial incentives for network providers who qualify for the second tier. The department is authorized to certify and decertify second tier providers.
- (3) The department shall work with self-insurers and the department utilization review provider to implement utilization review for the self-insured community to ensure consistent quality, cost-effective care for all injured workers and employers, and to reduce administrative burden for providers.

p. 49 HB 1609.SL

(4) The department for state fund claims shall pay, in accordance with the department's fee schedule, for any alleged injury for which a worker files a claim, any initial prescription drugs provided in relation to that initial visit, without regard to whether the worker's claim for benefits is allowed. In all accepted claims, treatment shall be limited in point of duration as follows:

In the case of permanent partial disability, not to extend beyond the date when compensation shall be awarded him or her, except when the worker returned to work before permanent partial disability award is made, in such case not to extend beyond the time when monthly allowances to him or her shall cease; in case of temporary disability not to extend beyond the time when monthly allowances to him or her shall cease: PROVIDED, That after any injured worker has returned to his or her work his or her medical and surgical treatment may be continued if, and so long as, such continuation is deemed necessary by the supervisor of industrial insurance to be necessary to his or her more complete recovery; in case of a permanent total disability not to extend beyond the date on which a lump sum settlement is made with him or her or he or she is placed upon the permanent pension roll: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That the supervisor of industrial insurance, solely in his or her discretion, may authorize continued medical and surgical treatment for conditions previously accepted by the department when such medical and surgical treatment is deemed necessary by the supervisor of industrial insurance to protect such worker's life or provide for the administration of medical and therapeutic measures including payment of prescription medications, but not including those controlled substances currently scheduled by the ((state-board-of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission as Schedule I, II, III, or IV substances under chapter 69.50 RCW, which are necessary to alleviate continuing pain which results from the industrial injury. order to authorize such continued treatment the written order of the supervisor of industrial insurance issued in advance of the continuation shall be necessary.

The supervisor of industrial insurance, the supervisor's designee, or a self-insurer, in his or her sole discretion, may authorize inoculation or other immunological treatment in cases in which a work-related activity has resulted in probable exposure of the worker to a potential infectious occupational disease. Authorization of such

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treatment does not bind the department or self-insurer in any adjudication of a claim by the same worker or the worker's beneficiary for an occupational disease.

- (5)(a) The legislature finds that the department and its business and labor partners have collaborated in establishing centers for occupational health and education to promote best practices and prevent preventable disability by focusing additional provider-based resources during the first twelve weeks following an injury. The centers for occupational health and education represent innovative accountable care systems in an early stage of development consistent with national health care reform efforts. Many Washington workers do not yet have access to these innovative health care delivery models.
- (b) To expand evidence-based occupational health best practices, the department shall establish additional centers for occupational health and education, with the goal of extending access to at least fifty percent of injured and ill workers by December 2013 and to all injured workers by December 2015. The department shall also develop additional best practices and incentives that span the entire period of recovery, not only the first twelve weeks.
- (c) The department shall certify and decertify centers for occupational health and education based on criteria including institutional leadership and geographic areas covered by the center for occupational health and education, occupational health leadership and education, mix of participating health care providers necessary to address the anticipated needs of injured workers, health services coordination to deliver occupational health best practices, indicators to measure the success of the center for occupational health and education, and agreement that the center's providers shall, if feasible, treat certain injured workers if referred by the department or a self-insurer.
- (d) Health care delivery organizations may apply to the department for certification as a center for occupational health and education. These may include, but are not limited to, hospitals and affiliated clinics and providers, multispecialty clinics, health maintenance organizations, and organized systems of network physicians.
- (e) The centers for occupational health and education shall implement benchmark quality indicators of occupational health best practices for individual providers, developed in collaboration with the

p. 51 HB 1609.SL

- department. A center for occupational health and education shall remove individual providers who do not consistently meet these quality benchmarks.
 - (f) The department shall develop and implement financial and nonfinancial incentives for center for occupational health and education providers that are based on progressive and measurable gains in occupational health best practices, and that are applicable throughout the duration of an injured or ill worker's episode of care.
 - (g) The department shall develop electronic methods of tracking evidence-based quality measures to identify and improve outcomes for injured workers at risk of developing prolonged disability. In addition, these methods must be used to provide systematic feedback to physicians regarding quality of care, to conduct appropriate objective evaluation of progress in the centers for occupational health and education, and to allow efficient coordination of services.
 - (6) If a provider fails to meet the minimum network standards established in subsection (2) of this section, the department is authorized to remove the provider from the network or take other appropriate action regarding a provider's participation. The department may also require remedial steps as a condition for a provider to participate in the network. The department, with input from the advisory group, shall establish waiting periods that may be imposed before a provider who has been denied or removed from the network may reapply.
 - (7) The department may permanently remove a provider from the network or take other appropriate action when the provider exhibits a pattern of conduct of low quality care that exposes patients to risk of physical or psychiatric harm or death. Patterns that qualify as risk of harm include, but are not limited to, poor health care outcomes evidenced by increased, chronic, or prolonged pain or decreased function due to treatments that have not been shown to be curative, safe, or effective or for which it has been shown that the risks of harm exceed the benefits that can be reasonably expected based on peer-reviewed opinion.
- 35 (8) The department may not remove a health care provider from the 36 network for an isolated instance of poor health and recovery outcomes 37 due to treatment by the provider.

- (9) When the department terminates a provider from the network, the department or self-insurer shall assist an injured worker currently under the provider's care in identifying a new network provider or providers from whom the worker can select an attending or treating provider. In such a case, the department or self-insurer shall notify the injured worker that he or she must choose a new attending or treating provider.
 - (10) The department may adopt rules related to this section.

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- (11) The department shall report to the workers' compensation advisory committee and to the appropriate committees of the legislature 10 on each December 1st, beginning in 2012 and ending in 2016, on the 11 implementation of the provider network and expansion of the centers for 12 13 occupational health and education. The reports must include a summary of actions taken, progress toward long-term goals, outcomes of key 14 initiatives, access to care issues, results of disputes 15 controversies related to new provisions, and whether any changes are 16 17 needed to further improve the occupational health best practices care of injured workers. 18
- 19 **Sec. 49.** RCW 64.44.010 and 2006 c 339 s 201 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

21 The words and phrases defined in this section shall have the 22 following meanings when used in this chapter unless the context clearly 23 indicates otherwise.

- (1) "Authorized contractor" means a person who decontaminates, demolishes, or disposes of contaminated property as required by this chapter who is certified by the department as provided for in RCW 64.44.060.
- (2) "Contaminated" or "contamination" means polluted by hazardous chemicals so that the property is unfit for human habitation or use due to immediate or long-term hazards. Property that at one time was contaminated but has been satisfactorily decontaminated according to procedures established by the state board of health is not "contaminated."
- (3) "Department" means the department of health.
- 35 (4) "Hazardous chemicals" means the following substances associated 36 with the illegal manufacture of controlled substances: (a) Hazardous 37 substances as defined in RCW 70.105D.020; (b) precursor substances as

p. 53 HB 1609.SL

- defined in RCW 69.43.010 which the state board of health, in consultation with the ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission, has determined present an immediate or long-term health hazard to humans; and (c) the controlled substance or substances
- 6 (5) "Officer" means a local health officer authorized under 7 chapters 70.05, 70.08, and 70.46 RCW.

being manufactured, as defined in RCW 69.50.101.

- 8 (6) "Property" means any real or personal property, or segregable
 9 part thereof, that is involved in or affected by the unauthorized
 10 manufacture, distribution, or storage of hazardous chemicals. This
 11 includes but is not limited to single-family residences, units of
 12 multiplexes, condominiums, apartment buildings, boats, motor vehicles,
 13 trailers, manufactured housing, any shop, booth, garden, or storage
 14 shed, and all contents of the items referenced in this subsection.
- 15 **Sec. 50.** RCW 69.04.565 and 1981 c 50 s 1 are each amended to read 16 as follows:

17 Notwithstanding any other provision of state law, DMSO (dimethyl sulfoxide) may be introduced into intrastate commerce as long as (1) it 18 19 is manufactured or distributed by persons licensed pursuant to chapter 20 18.64 RCW or chapter 18.92 RCW, and (2) it is used, or intended to be 21 used, in the treatment of human beings or animals for any ailment or PROVIDED, 22 adverse condition: That DMSO intended for 23 application, consistent with rules governing purity and labeling 24 promulgated by the ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy_quality assurance commission, shall not be considered a legend drug and may be 25 26 sold by any retailer.

27 **Sec. 51.** RCW 69.04.730 and 1947 c 25 s 91 are each amended to read 28 as follows:

The authority to promulgate regulations for the efficient enforcement of this chapter is hereby vested in the director: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That the director shall designate the ((Washington state-board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission to carry out all the provisions of this chapter pertaining to drugs and cosmetics, with authority to promulgate regulations for the efficient enforcement thereof.

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- 1 **Sec. 52.** RCW 69.38.010 and 1987 c 34 s 1 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
- 3 As used in this chapter "poison" means:
 - (1) Arsenic and its preparations;
- 5 (2) Cyanide and its preparations, including hydrocyanic acid;
- 6 (3) Strychnine; and

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- 7 (4) Any other substance designated by the ((state-board-of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission which, when introduced into the human body in quantities of sixty grains or less, causes violent sickness or death.
- 11 **Sec. 53.** RCW 69.38.060 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 9 s 440 are each 12 amended to read as follows:
- The ((state board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance 13 14 commission, after consulting with the department of health, shall 15 require and provide for the annual licensure of every person now or 16 hereafter engaged in manufacturing or selling poisons within this 17 state. Upon a payment of a fee as set by the department, the department shall issue a license in such form as it may prescribe to 18 such manufacturer or seller. Such license shall be displayed in a 19 20 conspicuous place in such manufacturer's or seller's place of business 21 for which it is issued.
- 22 Any person manufacturing or selling poison within this state 23 without a license is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 24 Sec. 54. RCW 69.40.055 and 1981 c 147 s 4 are each amended to read 25 as follows:
 - It shall be unlawful for any person to sell at retail or furnish any repackaged poison drug or product without affixing or causing to be affixed to the bottle, box, vessel, or package a label containing the name of the article, all labeling required by the Food and Drug Administration and other federal or state laws or regulations, and the word "poison" distinctly shown with the name and place of the business of the seller.
- This section shall not apply to the dispensing of drugs or poisons on the prescription of a practitioner.
- The ((board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission

p. 55 HB 1609.SL

- 1 shall have the authority to promulgate rules for the enforcement and
- 2 implementation of this section.
- Every person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 5 **Sec. 55.** RCW 69.41.010 and 2012 c 10 s 44 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- As used in this chapter, the following terms have the meanings indicated unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- 9 (1) "Administer" means the direct application of a legend drug 10 whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to the 11 body of a patient or research subject by:
 - (a) A practitioner; or

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- 13 (b) The patient or research subject at the direction of the 14 practitioner.
 - (2) "Community-based care settings" include: Community residential programs for the developmentally disabled, certified by the department of social and health services under chapter 71A.12 RCW; adult family homes licensed under chapter 70.128 RCW; and assisted living facilities licensed under chapter 18.20 RCW. Community-based care settings do not include acute care or skilled nursing facilities.
- 21 (3) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or 22 attempted transfer from one person to another of a legend drug, whether 23 or not there is an agency relationship.
 - (4) "Department" means the department of health.
 - (5) "Dispense" means the interpretation of a prescription or order for a legend drug and, pursuant to that prescription or order, the proper selection, measuring, compounding, labeling, or packaging necessary to prepare that prescription or order for delivery.
 - (6) "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.
- 30 (7) "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or 31 dispensing a legend drug.
- 32 (8) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
- 33 (9) "Drug" means:
- 34 (a) Substances recognized as drugs in the official United States 35 pharmacopoeia, official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States, 36 or official national formulary, or any supplement to any of them;

1 (b) Substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, 2 treatment, or prevention of disease in human beings or animals;

- (c) Substances (other than food, minerals or vitamins) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of human beings or animals; and
- (d) Substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in (a), (b), or (c) of this subsection. It does not include devices or their components, parts, or accessories.
- (10) "Electronic communication of prescription information" means the communication of prescription information by computer, or the transmission of an exact visual image of a prescription by facsimile, or other electronic means for original prescription information or prescription refill information for a legend drug between an authorized practitioner and a pharmacy or the transfer of prescription information for a legend drug from one pharmacy to another pharmacy.
- (11) "In-home care settings" include an individual's place of temporary and permanent residence, but does not include acute care or skilled nursing facilities, and does not include community-based care settings.
- (12) "Legend drugs" means any drugs which are required by state law or regulation of the ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission to be dispensed on prescription only or are restricted to use by practitioners only.
- (13) "Legible prescription" means a prescription or medication order issued by a practitioner that is capable of being read and understood by the pharmacist filling the prescription or the nurse or other practitioner implementing the medication order. A prescription must be hand printed, typewritten, or electronically generated.
- (14) "Medication assistance" means assistance rendered by a nonpractitioner to an individual residing in a community-based care setting or in-home care setting to facilitate the individual's self-administration of a legend drug or controlled substance. It includes reminding or coaching the individual, handing the medication container to the individual, opening the individual's medication container, using an enabler, or placing the medication in the individual's hand, and such other means of medication assistance as defined by rule adopted by the department. A nonpractitioner may help in the preparation of legend drugs or controlled substances for self-administration where a

p. 57 HB 1609.SL

- practitioner has determined and communicated orally or by written direction that such medication preparation assistance is necessary and appropriate. Medication assistance shall not include assistance with intravenous medications or injectable medications, except prefilled
 - (15) "Person" means individual, corporation, government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association, or any other legal entity.
 - (16) "Practitioner" means:

insulin syringes.

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- (a) A physician under chapter 18.71 RCW, an osteopathic physician 10 or an osteopathic physician and surgeon under chapter 18.57 RCW, a 11 dentist under chapter 18.32 RCW, a podiatric physician and surgeon 12 under chapter 18.22 RCW, a veterinarian under chapter 18.92 RCW, a 13 registered nurse, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or licensed 14 practical nurse under chapter 18.79 RCW, an optometrist under chapter 15 16 18.53 RCW who is certified by the optometry board under RCW 18.53.010, 17 an osteopathic physician assistant under chapter 18.57A RCW, a physician assistant under chapter 18.71A RCW, a naturopath licensed 18 under chapter 18.36A RCW, a pharmacist under chapter 18.64 RCW, or, 19 20 when acting under the required supervision of a dentist licensed under 21 chapter 18.32 RCW, a dental hygienist licensed under chapter 18.29 RCW;
 - (b) A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, or to administer a legend drug in the course of professional practice or research in this state; and
 - (c) A physician licensed to practice medicine and surgery or a physician licensed to practice osteopathic medicine and surgery in any state, or province of Canada, which shares a common border with the state of Washington.
- 30 (17) "Secretary" means the secretary of health or the secretary's designee.
- 32 **Sec. 56.** RCW 69.41.075 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 9 s 427 are each 33 amended to read as follows:
- The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission may make such rules for the enforcement of this chapter as are deemed necessary or advisable. The ((board)) commission shall identify, by rule-making pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, those drugs

which may be dispensed only on prescription or are restricted to use by practitioners, only. In so doing the ((board)) commission shall consider the toxicity or other potentiality for harmful effect of the drug, the method of its use, and any collateral safeguards necessary to its use. The ((board)) commission shall classify a drug as a legend drug where these considerations indicate the drug is not safe for use except under the supervision of a practitioner.

In identifying legend drugs the ((board)) commission may incorporate in its rules lists of drugs contained in commercial pharmaceutical publications by making specific reference to each such list and the date and edition of the commercial publication containing it. Any such lists so incorporated shall be available for public inspection at the headquarters of the department of health and shall be available on request from the department of health upon payment of a reasonable fee to be set by the department.

Sec. 57. RCW 69.41.080 and 1989 c 242 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Humane societies and animal control agencies registered with the ((state board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission under chapter 69.50 RCW and authorized to euthanize animals may purchase, possess, and administer approved legend drugs for the sole purpose of sedating animals prior to euthanasia, when necessary, and for use in chemical capture programs. For the purposes of this section, "approved legend drugs" means those legend drugs designated by the ((board)) commission by rule as being approved for use by such societies and agencies for animal sedating or capture and does not include any substance regulated under chapter 69.50 RCW. Any society or agency so registered shall not permit persons to administer any legend drugs unless such person has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the ((board)) commission adequate knowledge of the potential hazards involved in and the proper techniques to be used in administering the drugs.

The ((board)) commission shall promulgate rules to regulate the purchase, possession, and administration of legend drugs by such societies and agencies and to insure strict compliance with the provisions of this section. Such rules shall require that the storage, inventory control, administration, and recordkeeping for approved

p. 59 HB 1609.SL

- 1 legend drugs conform to the standards adopted by the ((board))
- 2 <u>commission</u> under chapter 69.50 RCW to regulate the use of controlled
- 3 substances by such societies and agencies. The ((board)) commission
- 4 may suspend or revoke a registration under chapter 69.50 RCW upon a
- 5 determination by the ((board)) commission that the person administering
- 6 legend drugs has not demonstrated adequate knowledge as herein
- 7 provided. This authority is granted in addition to any other power to
- 8 suspend or revoke a registration as provided by law.
- 9 **Sec. 58.** RCW 69.41.180 and 1979 c 110 s 7 are each amended to read 10 as follows:
- 11 The ((state board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance
- 12 <u>commission</u> may adopt any necessary rules under chapter 34.05 RCW for
- 13 the implementation, continuation, or enforcement of RCW 69.41.100
- 14 through 69.41.180, including, but not limited to, a list of
- 15 therapeutically or nontherapeutically equivalent drugs which, when
- 16 adopted, shall be provided to all registered pharmacists in the state
- 17 and shall be updated as necessary.
- 18 **Sec. 59.** RCW 69.41.210 and 1980 c 83 s 2 are each amended to read 19 as follows:
- The terms defined in this section shall have the meanings indicated when used in RCW 69.41.200 through 69.41.260.
 - (1) "Distributor" means any corporation, person, or other entity which distributes for sale a legend drug under its own label even though it is not the actual manufacturer of the legend drug.
 - (2) "Solid dosage form" means capsules or tablets or similar legend drug products intended for administration and which could be ingested orally.
- 28 (3) "Legend drug" means any drugs which are required by state law 29 or regulation of the ((board)) commission to be dispensed as 30 prescription only or are restricted to use by prescribing practitioners 31 only and shall include controlled substances in Schedules II through V 32 of chapter 69.50 RCW.
- 33 (4) (("Board"-means-the-state-board-of-pharmacy.)) "Commission"
 34 means the pharmacy quality assurance commission.

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- 1 **Sec. 60.** RCW 69.41.240 and 1980 c 83 s 5 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
- The ((board)) commission shall have authority to promulgate rules and regulations for the enforcement and implementation of RCW 69.41.050 and 69.41.200 through 69.41.260.
- 6 **Sec. 61.** RCW 69.41.250 and 1980 c 83 s 6 are each amended to read 7 as follows:
- 8 (1) The ((board)) commission, upon application of a manufacturer, 9 may exempt a particular legend drug from the requirements of RCW 10 69.41.050 and 69.41.200 through 69.41.260 on the grounds that 11 imprinting is infeasible because of size, texture, or other unique 12 characteristics.
- 13 (2) The provisions of RCW 69.41.050 and 69.41.200 through 69.41.260 14 shall not apply to any legend drug which is prepared or manufactured by 15 a pharmacy in this state and is for the purpose of retail sale from 16 such pharmacy and not intended for resale.
- 17 **Sec. 62.** RCW 69.41.280 and 2005 c 274 s 329 are each amended to 18 read as follows:
- All records, reports, and information obtained by the ((board)) 19 20 pharmacy quality assurance commission or its authorized representatives 21 from or on behalf of a pharmaceutical manufacturer, representative of a manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacy, or practitioner who purchases, 22 dispenses, or distributes legend drugs under this chapter are 23 24 confidential and exempt from public inspection and copying under 25 chapter 42.56 RCW. Nothing in this section restricts the investigations or the proceedings of the ((board)) commission so long 26 as the ((board)) commission and its authorized representatives comply 27 28 with the provisions of chapter 42.56 RCW.
- 29 **Sec. 63.** RCW 69.41.310 and 1989 c 369 s 2 are each amended to read 30 as follows:
- The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission shall specify by rule drugs to be classified as steroids as defined in RCW 69.41.300.
- On or before December 1 of each year, the ((board)) commission shall inform the appropriate legislative committees of reference of the

p. 61 HB 1609.SL

- 1 drugs that the ((board)) commission has added to the steroids in RCW
- 2 69.41.300. The ((board)) commission shall submit a statement of
- 3 rationale for the changes.
- 4 **Sec. 64.** RCW 69.43.010 and 2001 c 96 s 2 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- (1) A report to the ((state board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality
 assurance commission shall be submitted in accordance with this chapter
 by a manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, or other person who sells,
 transfers, or otherwise furnishes to any person any of the following
- 10 substances or their salts or isomers:
- 11 (a) Anthranilic acid;
- 12 (b) Barbituric acid;
- 13 (c) Chlorephedrine;
- 14 (d) Diethyl malonate;
- 15 (e) D-lysergic acid;
- 16 (f) Ephedrine;
- 17 (g) Ergotamine tartrate;
- 18 (h) Ethylamine;
- 19 (i) Ethyl malonate;
- 20 (j) Ethylephedrine;
- 21 (k) Lead acetate;
- 22 (1) Malonic acid;
- 23 (m) Methylamine;
- 24 (n) Methylformamide;
- 25 (o) Methylephedrine;
- (p) Methylpseudoephedrine;
- 27 (q) N-acetylanthranilic acid;
- 28 (r) Norpseudoephedrine;
- 29 (s) Phenylacetic acid;
- 30 (t) Phenylpropanolamine;
- 31 (u) Piperidine;
- 32 (v) Pseudoephedrine; and
- 33 (w) Pyrrolidine.
- 34 (2) The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance 35 commission shall administer this chapter and may, by rule adopted
- 36 pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, add a substance to or remove a substance

- from the list in subsection (1) of this section. In determining whether to add or remove a substance, the ((board)) commission shall consider the following:
 - (a) The likelihood that the substance is useable as a precursor in the illegal production of a controlled substance as defined in chapter 69.50 RCW;
 - (b) The availability of the substance;

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- 8 (c) The relative appropriateness of including the substance in this 9 chapter or in chapter 69.50 RCW; and
 - (d) The extent and nature of legitimate uses for the substance.
 - (3)(a) Any manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, or other person shall, before selling, transferring, or otherwise furnishing any substance specified in subsection (1) of this section to any person, require proper identification from the purchaser.
- 15 (b) For the purposes of this subsection, "proper identification" 16 means:
 - (i) A motor vehicle operator's license or other official stateissued identification of the purchaser containing a photograph of the purchaser, and includes the residential or mailing address of the purchaser, other than a post office box number;
- 21 (ii) The motor vehicle license number of any motor vehicle owned or 22 operated by the purchaser;
 - (iii) A letter of authorization from any business for which any substance specified in subsection (1) of this section is being furnished, which includes the business license number and address of the business;
 - (iv) A description of how the substance is to be used; and
 - (v) The signature of the purchaser.
 - The person selling, transferring, or otherwise furnishing any substance specified in subsection (1) of this section shall affix his or her signature as a witness to the signature and identification of the purchaser.
- 33 (c) A violation of or a failure to comply with this subsection is 34 a misdemeanor.
 - (4) Any manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, or other person who sells, transfers, or otherwise furnishes the substance specified in subsection (1) of this section to any person shall, not less than twenty-one days before delivery of the substance, submit a report of

p. 63 HB 1609.SL

- 1 the transaction, which includes the identification information
- 2 specified in subsection (3) of this section to the ((state board of
- 3 pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission. However, the ((state
- 4 board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission may authorize
- 5 the submission of the reports on a monthly basis with respect to
- 6 repeated, regular transactions between the furnisher and the recipient
- 7 involving the same substance if the ((state-board-of-pharmacy))
- 8 pharmacy quality assurance commission determines that either of the
- 9 following exist:
- 10 (a) A pattern of regular supply of the substance exists between the
- 11 manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, or other person who sells,
- 12 transfers, or otherwise furnishes such substance and the recipient of
- 13 the substance; or
- 14 (b) The recipient has established a record of using the substance
- 15 for lawful purposes.
- 16 (5) Any person specified in subsection (4) of this section who does
- 17 not submit a report as required by subsection (4) of this section is
- 18 guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- 19 Sec. 65. RCW 69.43.020 and 2001 c 96 s 3 are each amended to read
- 20 as follows:
- 21 (1) Any manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, or other person who
- 22 receives from a source outside of this state any substance specified in
- 23 RCW 69.43.010(1) shall submit a report of such transaction to the
- 24 ((state board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission under
- 25 rules adopted by the ((board)) commission.
- 26 (2) Any person specified in subsection (1) of this section who does
- 27 not submit a report as required by subsection (1) of this section is
- 28 guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- 29 **Sec. 66.** RCW 69.43.030 and 1988 c 147 s 3 are each amended to read
- 30 as follows:
- 31 RCW 69.43.010 and 69.43.020 do not apply to any of the following:
- 32 (1) Any pharmacist or other authorized person who sells or
- 33 furnishes a substance upon the prescription of a practitioner, as
- 34 defined in chapter 69.41 RCW;
- 35 (2) Any practitioner who administers or furnishes a substance to
- 36 his or her patients;

(3) Any manufacturer or wholesaler licensed by the ((state board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission who sells, transfers, or otherwise furnishes a substance to a licensed pharmacy or practitioner;

- (4) Any sale, transfer, furnishing, or receipt of any drug that contains ephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or pseudoephedrine, or of any cosmetic that contains a substance specified in RCW 69.43.010(1), if such drug or cosmetic is lawfully sold, transferred, or furnished, over the counter without a prescription under chapter 69.04 or 69.41 RCW.
- **Sec. 67.** RCW 69.43.035 and 2004 c 52 s 6 are each amended to read 11 as follows:
 - (1) Any manufacturer or wholesaler who sells, transfers, or otherwise furnishes any substance specified in RCW 69.43.010(1) to any person in a suspicious transaction shall report the transaction in writing to the ((state board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission.
 - (2) Any person specified in subsection (1) of this section who does not submit a report as required by subsection (1) of this section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
 - (3) For the purposes of this section, "suspicious transaction" means a sale or transfer to which any of the following applies:
 - (a) The circumstances of the sale or transfer would lead a reasonable person to believe that the substance is likely to be used for the purpose of unlawfully manufacturing a controlled substance under chapter 69.50 RCW, based on such factors as the amount involved, the method of payment, the method of delivery, and any past dealings with any participant in the transaction. The ((state-board-of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission shall adopt by rule criteria for determining whether a transaction is suspicious, taking into consideration the recommendations in appendix A of the report to the United States attorney general by the suspicious orders task force under the federal comprehensive methamphetamine control act of 1996.
 - (b) The transaction involves payment for any substance specified in RCW 69.43.010(1) in cash or money orders in a total amount of more than two hundred dollars.
 - (4) The ((board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission

p. 65 HB 1609.SL

- shall transmit to the department of revenue a copy of each report of a suspicious transaction that it receives under this section.
- 3 **Sec. 68.** RCW 69.43.040 and 2001 c 96 s 7 are each amended to read 4 as follows:
 - (1) The department of health, in accordance with rules developed by the ((state board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission shall provide a common reporting form for the substances in RCW 69.43.010 that contains at least the following information:
 - (a) Name of the substance;

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- (b) Quantity of the substance sold, transferred, or furnished;
- 11 (c) The date the substance was sold, transferred, or furnished;
- 12 (d) The name and address of the person buying or receiving the 13 substance; and
- (e) The name and address of the manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, or other person selling, transferring, or furnishing the substance.
- 16 (2) Monthly reports authorized under RCW 69.43.010(4) may be 17 computer-generated in accordance with rules adopted by the department.
- 18 **Sec. 69.** RCW 69.43.043 and 2001 c 96 s 5 are each amended to read 19 as follows:
 - (1) Any manufacturer or wholesaler who sells, transfers, or otherwise furnishes any substance specified in RCW 69.43.010(1) to any person shall maintain a record of each such sale or transfer. The records must contain:
 - (a) The name of the substance;
 - (b) The quantity of the substance sold, transferred, or furnished;
 - (c) The date the substance was sold, transferred, or furnished;
- 27 (d) The name and address of the person buying or receiving the 28 substance; and
 - (e) The method of and amount of payment for the substance.
- 30 (2) The records of sales and transfers required by this section 31 shall be available for inspection by the ((state board of pharmacy)) 32 pharmacy _ quality _ assurance _ commission and its authorized 33 representatives and shall be maintained for two years.
- 34 (3) A violation of this section is a gross misdemeanor.

- 1 **Sec. 70.** RCW 69.43.048 and 2001 c 96 s 6 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
- A manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, or other person who sells, transfers, or otherwise furnishes any substance specified in RCW 69.43.010(1) and who is subject to the reporting or recordkeeping requirements of this chapter may satisfy the requirements by submitting to the ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission, and its authorized representatives:
- 9 (1) Computer readable data from which all of the required 10 information may be readily derived; or
- (2) Copies of reports that are filed under federal law that contain all of the information required by the particular reporting or recordkeeping requirement of this chapter which it is submitted to satisfy.
- 15 **Sec. 71.** RCW 69.43.050 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 9 s 442 are each 16 amended to read as follows:
- 17 (1) The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance 18 commission may adopt all rules necessary to carry out this chapter.
- 19 (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, the department 20 of health may adopt rules necessary for the administration of this 21 chapter.
- 22 **Sec. 72.** RCW 69.43.060 and 1988 c 147 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The theft or loss of any substance under RCW 69.43.010 discovered by any person regulated by this chapter shall be reported to the ((state board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission within seven days after such discovery.

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(2) Any difference between the quantity of any substance under RCW 69.43.010 received and the quantity shipped shall be reported to the ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission within seven days of the receipt of actual knowledge of the discrepancy. When applicable, any report made pursuant to this subsection shall also include the name of any common carrier or person who transported the substance and the date of shipment of the substance.

p. 67 HB 1609.SL

- 1 **Sec. 73.** RCW 69.43.090 and 2001 c 96 s 8 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
- (1) Any manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, or other person who 3 sells, transfers, or otherwise furnishes any substance specified in RCW 4 5 69.43.010 to any person or who receives from a source outside of the state any substance specified in RCW 69.43.010 shall obtain a permit 6 7 for the conduct of that business from the ((state board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission. However, a permit shall not be 8 required of any manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, or other person for 9 the sale, transfer, furnishing, or receipt of any drug that contains 10 ephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or pseudoephedrine, or of any cosmetic 11 that contains a substance specified in RCW 69.43.010(1), if such drug 12 or cosmetic is lawfully sold, transferred, or furnished over the 13 counter without a prescription or by a prescription under chapter 69.04 14 15 or 69.41 RCW.
 - (2) Applications for permits shall be filed with the department in writing and signed by the applicant, and shall set forth the name of the applicant, the business in which the applicant is engaged, the business address of the applicant, and a full description of any substance sold, transferred, or otherwise furnished, or received.
 - (3) The ((board)) <u>commission</u> may grant permits on forms prescribed by it. The permits shall be effective for not more than one year from the date of issuance.
- 24 (4) Each applicant shall pay at the time of filing an application 25 for a permit a fee determined by the department.
 - (5) A permit granted under this chapter may be renewed on a date to be determined by the ((board)) commission, and annually thereafter, upon the filing of a renewal application and the payment of a permit renewal fee determined by the department.
- 30 (6) Permit fees charged by the department shall not exceed the 31 costs incurred by the department in administering this chapter.
- 32 (7) Selling, transferring, or otherwise furnishing, or receiving 33 any substance specified in RCW 69.43.010 without a required permit, is 34 a gross misdemeanor.
- 35 **Sec. 74.** RCW 69.43.100 and 1988 c 147 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

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The ((board)) pharmacy quality assurance commission shall have the power to refuse, suspend, or revoke the permit of any manufacturer or wholesaler upon proof that:

- (1) The permit was procured through fraud, misrepresentation, or deceit;
- (2) The permittee has violated or has permitted any employee to violate any of the laws of this state relating to drugs, controlled substances, cosmetics, or nonprescription drugs, or has violated any of the rules and regulations of the ((board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission.
- **Sec. 75.** RCW 69.43.105 and 2010 c 182 s 1 are each amended to read 12 as follows:
 - (1) For purposes of this section, "traditional Chinese herbal practitioner" means a person who is certified as a diplomate in Chinese herbology from the national certification commission for acupuncture and oriental medicine or who has received a certificate in Chinese herbology from a school accredited by the accreditation council on acupuncture and oriental medicine.
 - (2) A pharmacy licensed by, or shopkeeper or itinerant vendor registered with, the department of health under chapter 18.64 RCW, or an employee thereof, a practitioner as defined in RCW 18.64.011, or a traditional Chinese herbal practitioner may not knowingly sell, transfer, or otherwise furnish to any person a product at retail that he or she knows to contain any detectable quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, without first obtaining photo identification of the person that shows the date of birth of the person.
 - (3) A person buying or receiving a product at retail containing any detectable quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, from a pharmacy licensed by, or shopkeeper or itinerant vendor registered with, the department of health under chapter 18.64 RCW, or an employee thereof, a practitioner as defined in RCW 18.64.011, or a traditional Chinese herbal practitioner must first produce photo identification of the person that shows the date of birth of the person.
 - (4) Any product containing any detectable quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or

p. 69 HB 1609.SL

- salts of isomers, shall be kept (a) behind a counter where the public is not permitted, or (b) in a locked display case so that a customer wanting access must ask an employee of the merchant for assistance.
- (5) No pharmacy licensed by, or shopkeeper or itinerant vendor registered with, the department of health under chapter 18.64 RCW, or an employee thereof, a practitioner as defined in RCW 18.64.011, or a traditional Chinese herbal practitioner may sell any product containing any detectable quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, to a person that is not at least eighteen years old.
- (6) A pharmacy licensed by, or shopkeeper or itinerant vendor registered with, the department of health under chapter 18.64 RCW selling a nonprescription drug containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers shall require the purchaser to electronically or manually sign a record of the transaction. The record must include the name and address of the purchaser, the date and time of the sale, the name and initials of the shopkeeper, itinerant vendor, pharmacist, pharmacy technician, or employee conducting the transaction, the name of the product being sold, as well as the total quantity in grams, of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, being sold.
- (7)The ((board - of - pharmacy))pharmacy _ quality _ assurance commission, by rule, may exempt products containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, in combination with another active ingredient from the requirements of this section if they are found not to be used in the illegal manufacture of methamphetamine or other controlled dangerous substances. A manufacturer of a drug product may apply for removal of the product from the requirements of this section if the product is determined by the ((board)) commission to have been formulated in such a way as to effectively prevent the conversion of the active ingredient into methamphetamine. The burden of proof for exemption is upon the person requesting the exemption. The petitioner shall provide the ((board)) commission with evidence that the product has been formulated in such a way as to serve as an effective general deterrent to the conversion of pseudoephedrine into methamphetamine. The evidence must include the furnishing of a valid scientific study,

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- conducted by an independent, professional laboratory and evincing professional quality chemical analysis. Factors to be considered in whether a product should be excluded from this section include but are not limited to:
- 5 (a) Ease with which the product can be converted to 6 methamphetamine;
 - (b) Ease with which ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine is extracted from the substance and whether it forms an emulsion, salt, or other form;
 - (c) Whether the product contains a "molecular lock" that renders it incapable of being converted into methamphetamine;
 - (d) Presence of other ingredients that render the product less likely to be used in the manufacture of methamphetamine; and
 - (e) Any pertinent data that can be used to determine the risk of the substance being used in the illegal manufacture of methamphetamine or any other controlled substance.
 - (8) Nothing in this section applies:

- (a) To any product containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers that is not the only active ingredient and that is in liquid, liquid capsule, or gel capsule form;
- (b) To the sale of a product that may only be sold upon the presentation of a prescription;
- (c) To the sale of a product by a traditional Chinese herbal practitioner to a patient; or
- (d) When the details of the transaction are recorded in a pharmacy profile individually identified with the recipient and maintained by a licensed pharmacy.
- (9)(a) No pharmacy licensed by, or shopkeeper or itinerant vendor registered with, the department of health under chapter 18.64 RCW, a practitioner as defined in RCW 18.64.011, or a traditional Chinese herbal practitioner may retaliate against any employee that has made a good faith attempt to comply with the requirements of this section by requesting that a customer present photo identification, making a reasonable effort to determine the customer's age.
- (b) No pharmacy licensed by, or shopkeeper or itinerant vendor registered with, the department of health under chapter 18.64 RCW, a practitioner as defined in RCW 18.64.011, or a traditional Chinese

p. 71 HB 1609.SL

- 1 herbal practitioner is subject to prosecution under subsection (10) of
- 2 this section if they made a good faith attempt to comply with the
- 3 requirements of this section by requesting that a customer present
- 4 photo identification, making a reasonable effort to determine the
- 5 customer's age.

- 6 (10) A violation of this section is a gross misdemeanor.
- **Sec. 76.** RCW 69.43.110 and 2010 c 182 s 2 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
 - (1) It is unlawful for a pharmacy licensed by, or shopkeeper or itinerant vendor registered with, the department of health under chapter 18.64 RCW, or an employee thereof, or a practitioner as defined in RCW 18.64.011, knowingly to sell, transfer, or to otherwise furnish, in a single transaction a total of more than 3.6 grams of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, in any twenty-four hour period or more than a total of nine grams per purchaser in any thirty-day period.
 - (2) It is unlawful for a person who is not a manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacy, practitioner, shopkeeper, or itinerant vendor licensed by or registered with the department of health under chapter 18.64 RCW to purchase or acquire more than 3.6 grams in any twenty-four hour period, or more than a total of nine grams in any thirty-day period, of the substances specified in subsection (1) of this section.
 - (3) It is unlawful for any person to sell or distribute any of the substances specified in subsection (1) of this section unless the person is licensed by or registered with the department of health under chapter 18.64 RCW, or is a practitioner as defined in RCW 18.64.011.
 - (4)(a) Beginning July 1, 2011, or the date upon which the electronic sales tracking system established under RCW 69.43.165 is available, whichever is later, a pharmacy licensed by, or shopkeeper or itinerant vendor registered with, the department of health under chapter 18.64 RCW shall, before completing a sale under this section, submit the required information to the electronic sales tracking system established under RCW 69.43.165, as long as such a system is available without cost to the pharmacy, shopkeeper, or itinerant vendor for accessing the system. The pharmacy, shopkeeper, or itinerant vendor may not complete the sale if the system generates a stop sale alert, except as permitted in RCW 69.43.165.

(b) If a pharmacy, shopkeeper, or itinerant vendor selling a nonprescription drug containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers experiences mechanical or electronic failure of the electronic sales tracking system and is unable to comply with the electronic sales tracking requirement, he or she shall maintain a written log or an alternative electronic recordkeeping mechanism until such time as he or she is able to comply with the electronic sales tracking requirement.

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- (c) A pharmacy, shopkeeper, or itinerant vendor selling a drug containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, nonprescription phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers may seek an exemption from submitting transactions to the electronic sales tracking system in writing to the ((board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission stating the reasons for the exemption. The ((board)) commission may grant an exemption for good cause shown, but in no event shall a granted exemption exceed one hundred eighty The ((board)) commission may grant multiple exemptions for any pharmacy, shopkeeper, or itinerant vendor if the good cause shown indicates significant hardship for compliance with this section. pharmacy, shopkeeper, or itinerant vendor that receives an exemption shall maintain a logbook in hardcopy form and must require the purchaser to provide the information required under this section before the completion of any sale. The logbook shall be maintained as a record of each sale for inspection by any law enforcement officer or ((board)) commission inspector during normal business hours accordance with any rules adopted pursuant to RCW 69.43.165. purposes of this subsection (4)(c), "good cause" includes, but is not limited to, situations where the installation of the necessary equipment to access the system is unavailable or cost prohibitive to the pharmacy, shopkeeper, or itinerant vendor.
 - (d) A pharmacy, shopkeeper, or itinerant vendor may withdraw from participating in the electronic sales tracking system if the system is no longer being furnished without cost for accessing the system. A pharmacy, shopkeeper, or itinerant vendor who withdraws from the electronic sales tracking system is subject to the same requirements as a pharmacy, shopkeeper, or itinerant vendor who has been granted an exemption under (c) of this subsection.
 - (e) For the purposes of this subsection (4) and RCW 69.43.165:

p. 73 HB 1609.SL

- 1 (i) "Cost for accessing the system" means costs relating to:
- 2 (A) Access to the web-based electronic sales tracking software, 3 including inputting and retrieving data;
 - (B) The web-based software known as software as a service;
- 5 (C) Training; and

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- 6 (D) Technical support to integrate to point of sale vendors, if necessary.
 - (ii) "Cost for accessing the system" does not include:
- 9 (A) Costs relating to required internet access;
- 10 (B) Optional hardware that a pharmacy may choose to purchase for 11 work flow purposes; or
- 12 (C) Other equipment.
- 13 (5) A violation of this section is a gross misdemeanor.
- 14 Sec. 77. RCW 69.43.130 and 2004 c 52 s 7 are each amended to read 15 as follows:
- 16 RCW 69.43.110 and 69.43.120 do not apply to:
- (1) Pediatric products primarily intended for administration to 17 children under twelve years of age, according to label instructions, 18 19 either: (a) In solid dosage form whose individual dosage units do not milligrams 20 exceed fifteen of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, 21 phenylpropanolamine; or (b) in liquid form whose recommended dosage, 22 according to label instructions, does not exceed fifteen milligrams of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine per five milliliters 23 24 of liquid product;
 - (2) Pediatric liquid products primarily intended for administration to children under two years of age for which the recommended dosage does not exceed two milliliters and the total package content does not exceed one fluid ounce;
 - (3) Products that the ((state board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission, upon application of a manufacturer, exempts by rule from RCW 69.43.110 and 69.43.120 because the product has been formulated in such a way as to effectively prevent the conversion of the active ingredient into methamphetamine, or its salts or precursors; or
- 35 (4) Products, as packaged, that the ((board of pharmacy)) pharmacy
 36 quality assurance commission, upon application of a manufacturer,
 37 exempts from RCW 69.43.110(1)(((b))) and 69.43.120 because:

1 (a) The product meets the federal definition of an ordinary over-2 the-counter pseudoephedrine product as defined in 21 U.S.C. 802;

- (b) The product is a salt, isomer, or salts of isomers of pseudoephedrine and, as packaged, has a total weight of more than three grams but the net weight of the pseudoephedrine base is equal to or less than three grams; and
- (c) The ((board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission determines that the value to the people of the state of having the product, as packaged, available for sale to consumers outweighs the danger, and the product, as packaged, has not been used in the illegal manufacture of methamphetamine.
- **Sec. 78.** RCW 69.43.140 and 2001 c 96 s 12 are each amended to read 13 as follows:
 - (1) In addition to the other penalties provided for in this chapter or in chapter 18.64 RCW, the ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission may impose a civil penalty, not to exceed ten thousand dollars for each violation, on any licensee or registrant who has failed to comply with this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter. In the case of a continuing violation, every day the violation continues shall be considered a separate violation.
 - (2) The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission may waive the suspension or revocation of a license or registration issued under chapter 18.64 RCW, or waive any civil penalty under this chapter, if the licensee or registrant establishes that he or she acted in good faith to prevent violations of this chapter, and the violation occurred despite the licensee's or registrant's exercise of due diligence. In making such a determination, the ((state board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission may consider evidence that an employer trained employees on how to sell, transfer, or otherwise furnish substances specified in RCW 69.43.010(1) in accordance with applicable laws.
- **Sec. 79.** RCW 69.43.165 and 2010 c 182 s 3 are each amended to read 33 as follows:
- 34 (1) The ((board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission 35 shall implement a real-time electronic sales tracking system to monitor 36 the nonprescription sale of products in this state containing any

p. 75 HB 1609.SL

- detectable quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, provided that the system is available to the state without cost for accessing the system to the state or retailers. The ((board)) commission is authorized to enter into a public-private partnership, through a memorandum of understanding or similar arrangement, to make the system available.
 - (2) The records submitted to the tracking system are for the confidential use of the pharmacy, shopkeeper, or itinerant vendor who submitted them, except that:
 - (a) The records must be produced in court when lawfully required;
 - (b) The records must be open for inspection by the ((board-of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission; and
 - (c) The records must be available to any general or limited authority Washington peace officer to enforce the provisions of this chapter or to federal law enforcement officers in accordance with rules adopted by the ((board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission regarding the privacy of the purchaser of products covered by chapter 182, Laws of 2010 and law enforcement access to the records submitted to the tracking system as provided in this section consistent with the federal combat meth act.
 - (3) The electronic sales tracking system shall be capable of generating a stop sale alert, which shall be a notification that completion of the sale would result in the seller or purchaser violating the quantity limits in RCW 69.43.110 (1) and (2). The system shall contain an override function for use by a dispenser of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, who has a reasonable fear of imminent bodily harm. Each instance in which the override function is utilized shall be logged by the system.
 - (4) The ((board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission shall have the authority to adopt rules necessary to implement and enforce the provisions of this section. The ((board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission shall adopt rules regarding the privacy of the purchaser of products covered by chapter 182, Laws of 2010, and any public or law enforcement access to the records submitted to the tracking system as provided in subsection (2)(c) of this section consistent with the federal combat meth act.

- 1 (5) The ((board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission 2 may not raise licensing or registration fees to fund the rule making or 3 implementation of this section.
- **Sec. 80.** RCW 69.43.180 and 2005 c 388 s 3 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

- (1) The Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs or the Washington state patrol may petition the ((state board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission to apply the log requirements in RCW 69.43.170 to one or more products that contain ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, that is not the only active ingredient and that is in liquid, liquid capsule, or gel capsule form. The petition shall establish that:
- (a) Ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine can be effectively extracted from the product and converted into methamphetamine or another controlled dangerous substance; and
- (b) Law enforcement, the Washington state patrol, or the department of ecology are finding substantial evidence that the product is being used for the illegal manufacture of methamphetamine or another controlled dangerous substance.
- (2) The ((board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission shall adopt rules when a petition establishes that requiring the application of the log requirements in RCW 69.43.170 to the sale of the product at retail is warranted based upon the effectiveness and extent of use of the product for the illegal manufacture of methamphetamine or other controlled dangerous substances and the extent of the burden of any restrictions upon consumers. The ((board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission may adopt emergency rules to apply the log requirements to the sale of a product when the petition establishes that the immediate restriction of the product is necessary in order to protect public health and safety.
- **Sec. 81.** RCW 69.45.010 and 1994 sp.s. c 9 s 738 are each amended to read as follows:
- 34 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 35 (1) (("Board" means the board of pharmacy.)) "Commission" means the pharmacy quality assurance commission.

p. 77 HB 1609.SL

- (2) "Drug samples" means any federal food and drug administration approved controlled substance, legend drug, or products requiring prescriptions in this state, which is distributed at no charge to a practitioner by a manufacturer or a manufacturer's representative, exclusive of drugs under clinical investigations approved by the federal food and drug administration.
- (3) "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor of such drug or substance, so designated under or pursuant to chapter 69.50 RCW, the uniform controlled substances act.
- (4) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer from one person to another of a drug or device, whether or not there is an agency relationship.
- (5) "Dispense" means the interpretation of a prescription or order for a drug, biological, or device and, pursuant to that prescription or order, the proper selection, measuring, compounding, labeling, or packaging necessary to prepare that prescription or order for delivery.
- (6) "Distribute" means to deliver, other than by administering or dispensing, a legend drug.
- (7) "Legend drug" means any drug that is required by state law or by regulations of the ((board)) commission to be dispensed on prescription only or is restricted to use by practitioners only.
- (8) "Manufacturer" means a person or other entity engaged in the manufacture or distribution of drugs or devices, but does not include a manufacturer's representative.
- (9) "Person" means any individual, corporation, government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, association, or any other legal entity.
- (10) "Practitioner" means a physician under chapter 18.71 RCW, an osteopathic physician or an osteopathic physician and surgeon under chapter 18.57 RCW, a dentist under chapter 18.32 RCW, a podiatric physician and surgeon under chapter 18.22 RCW, a veterinarian under chapter 18.92 RCW, a pharmacist under chapter 18.64 RCW, a commissioned medical or dental officer in the United States armed forces or the public health service in the discharge of his or her official duties, a duly licensed physician or dentist employed by the veterans administration in the discharge of his or her official duties, a registered nurse or advanced registered nurse practitioner under chapter 18.79 RCW when authorized to prescribe by the nursing care

- quality assurance commission, an osteopathic physician assistant under chapter 18.57A RCW when authorized by the board of osteopathic medicine and surgery, or a physician assistant under chapter 18.71A RCW when authorized by the medical quality assurance commission.
 - (11) "Manufacturer's representative" means an agent or employee of a drug manufacturer who is authorized by the drug manufacturer to possess drug samples for the purpose of distribution in this state to appropriately authorized health care practitioners.
 - (12) "Reasonable cause" means a state of facts found to exist that would warrant a reasonably intelligent and prudent person to believe that a person has violated state or federal drug laws or regulations.
 - (13) "Department" means the department of health.

- 13 (14) "Secretary" means the secretary of health or the secretary's designee.
- **Sec. 82.** RCW 69.45.020 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 9 s 445 are each 16 amended to read as follows:

A manufacturer that intends to distribute drug samples in this state shall register annually with the department, providing the name and address of the manufacturer, and shall:

- (1) Provide a twenty-four hour telephone number and the name of the individual(s) who shall respond to reasonable official inquiries from the department, as directed by the ((board)) commission, based on reasonable cause, regarding required records, reports, or requests for information pursuant to a specific investigation of a possible violation. Each official request by the department and each response by a manufacturer shall be limited to the information specifically relevant to the particular official investigation. Requests for the address of sites in this state at which drug samples are stored by the manufacturer's representative and the names and addresses of the individuals who are responsible for the storage or distribution of the drug samples shall be responded to as soon as possible but not later than the close of business on the next business day following the request; or
- (2) If a twenty-four hour telephone number is not available, provide the addresses of sites in this state at which drug samples are stored by the manufacturer's representative, and the names and addresses of the individuals who are responsible for the storage or

p. 79 HB 1609.SL

- 1 distribution of the drug samples. The manufacturer shall annually
- 2 submit a complete updated list of the sites and individuals to the
- 3 department.

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- 4 **Sec. 83.** RCW 69.45.060 and 1987 c 411 s 6 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 Surplus, outdated, or damaged drug samples shall be disposed of as 7 follows:
 - (1) Returned to the manufacturer; or
- 9 (2) Witnessed destruction by such means as to assure that the drug cannot be retrieved. However, controlled substances shall be returned to the manufacturer or disposed of in accordance with rules adopted by the ((board)) commission: PROVIDED, That the ((board)) commission shall adopt by rule the regulations of the federal drug enforcement administration or its lawful successor unless, stating reasonable grounds, it adopts rules consistent with such regulations.
 - Sec. 84. RCW 69.45.080 and 1987 c 411 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
- 18 (1) The manufacturer is responsible for the actions and conduct of 19 its representatives with regard to drug samples.
- 20 (2) The ((board)) commission may hold a public hearing to examine 21 a possible violation and may require a designated representative of the 22 manufacturer to attend.
 - (3) If a manufacturer fails to comply with this chapter following notification by the ((board)) commission, the ((board)) commission may impose a civil penalty of up to five thousand dollars. The ((board)) commission shall take no action to impose any civil penalty except pursuant to a hearing held in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.
- (4) Specific drug samples which are distributed in this state in violation of this chapter, following notification by the ((board)) commission, shall be subject to seizure following the procedures set out in RCW 69.41.060.
- 32 **Sec. 85.** RCW 69.45.090 and 2005 c 274 s 330 are each amended to 33 read as follows:
- 34 All records, reports, and information obtained by the ((board)) 35 <u>commission</u> from or on behalf of a manufacturer or manufacturer's

- 1 representative under this chapter are confidential and exempt from
- 2 public inspection and copying under chapter 42.56 RCW. This section
- 3 does not apply to public disclosure of the identity of persons found by
- 4 the ((board)) commission to have violated state or federal law, rules,
- 5 or regulations. This section is not intended to restrict the
- 6 investigations and proceedings of the ((board)) commission so long as
- 7 the ((board)) commission maintains the confidentiality required by this
- 8 section.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 86.** A new section is added to chapter 69.50 RCW
- 10 to read as follows:
- "Commission" means the pharmacy quality assurance commission.
- 12 **Sec. 87.** RCW 69.50.201 and 1998 c 245 s 108 are each amended to
- 13 read as follows:
- 14 (a) The ((state board of pharmacy)) commission shall enforce this
- 15 chapter and may add substances to or delete or reschedule substances
- listed in RCW 69.50.204, 69.50.206, 69.50.208, 69.50.210, or 69.50.212
- 17 pursuant to the procedures of chapter 34.05 RCW.
- 18 (1) In making a determination regarding a substance, the ((board))
- 19 <u>commission</u> shall consider the following:
- (i) the actual or relative potential for abuse;
- 21 (ii) the scientific evidence of its pharmacological effect, if
- 22 known;
- 23 (iii) the state of current scientific knowledge regarding the
- 24 substance;
- 25 (iv) the history and current pattern of abuse;
- 26 (v) the scope, duration, and significance of abuse;
- (vi) the risk to the public health;
- 28 (vii) the potential of the substance to produce psychic or
- 29 physiological dependence liability; and
- 30 (viii) whether the substance is an immediate precursor of a
- 31 controlled substance.
- 32 (2) The ((board)) commission may consider findings of the federal
- 33 Food and Drug Administration or the Drug Enforcement Administration as
- 34 prima facie evidence relating to one or more of the determinative
- 35 factors.

p. 81 HB 1609.SL

- (b) After considering the factors enumerated in subsection (a) of this section, the ((board)) commission shall make findings with respect thereto and adopt and cause to be published a rule controlling the substance upon finding the substance has a potential for abuse.
- (c) The ((board)) commission, without regard to the findings required by subsection (a) of this section or RCW 69.50.203, 69.50.205, 69.50.207, 69.50.209, and 69.50.211 or the procedures prescribed by subsections (a) and (b) of this section, may place an immediate precursor in the same schedule in which the controlled substance of which it is an immediate precursor is placed or in any other schedule. If the ((board)) commission designates a substance as an immediate precursor, substances that are precursors of the controlled precursor are not subject to control solely because they are precursors of the controlled precursor.
- (d) If a substance is designated, rescheduled, or deleted as a controlled substance under federal law, the ((board)) commission shall similarly control the substance under this chapter after the expiration of thirty days from the date of publication in the federal register of a final order designating the substance as a controlled substance or rescheduling or deleting the substance or from the date of issuance of an order of temporary scheduling under Section 508 of the federal Dangerous Drug Diversion Control Act of 1984, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 811(h), unless within that thirty-day period, the ((board)) commission or an interested party objects to inclusion, rescheduling, scheduling, or deletion. If no objection is made, the ((board)) commission shall adopt and cause to be published, without the necessity of making determinations or findings as required by subsection (a) of this section or RCW 69.50.203, 69.50.205, 69.50.207, 69.50.209, and 69.50.211, a final rule, for which notice of proposed rule making is omitted, designating, rescheduling, temporarily scheduling, or deleting the substance. If an objection is made, the ((board)) commission shall make a determination with respect to the designation, rescheduling, or deletion of the substance as provided by subsection (a) of this section. Upon receipt of an objection to inclusion, rescheduling, or deletion under this chapter by the ((board)) commission, the ((board)) commission shall publish notice of the receipt of the objection, and control under this chapter is stayed until the ((board)) commission adopts a rule as provided by subsection (a) of this section.

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- (e) The ((board)) commission, by rule and without regard to the 1 2 requirements of subsection (a) of this section, may schedule a substance in Schedule I regardless of whether the substance is 3 substantially similar to a controlled substance in Schedule I or II if 4 the ((board)) commission finds that scheduling of the substance on an 5 emergency basis is necessary to avoid an imminent hazard to the public 6 7 safety and the substance is not included in any other schedule or no exemption or approval is in effect for the substance under Section 505 8 of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 355. Upon 9 10 receipt of notice under RCW 69.50.214, the ((board)) commission shall initiate scheduling of the controlled substance analog on an emergency 11 12 basis pursuant to this subsection. The scheduling of a substance under 13 this subsection expires one year after the adoption of the scheduling rule. With respect to the finding of an imminent hazard to the public 14 safety, the ((board)) commission shall consider whether the substance 15 16 has been scheduled on a temporary basis under federal law or factors 17 set forth in subsection (a)(1)(iv), (v), and (vi) of this section, and also consider clandestine importation, manufacture, 18 distribution, and, if available, information concerning the other 19 factors set forth in subsection (a)(1) of this section. A rule may not 20 21 be adopted under this subsection until the ((board)) commission 22 initiates a rule-making proceeding under subsection (a) of this section 23 with respect to the substance. A rule adopted under this subsection 24 must be vacated upon the conclusion of the rule-making proceeding 25 initiated under subsection (a) of this section with respect to the substance. 26
- $((\frac{g}{f}))$ (f) Authority to control under this section does not extend to distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, or tobacco as those terms are defined or used in Titles 66 and 26 RCW.
- 30 **Sec. 88.** RCW 69.50.203 and 1993 c 187 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- 32 (a) The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) commission shall place a 33 substance in Schedule I upon finding that the substance:
 - (1) has high potential for abuse;

35 (2) has no currently accepted medical use in treatment in the 36 United States; and

p. 83 HB 1609.SL

- 1 (3) lacks accepted safety for use in treatment under medical supervision.
- 3 (b) The ((board)) commission may place a substance in Schedule I
 4 without making the findings required by subsection (a) of this section
 5 if the substance is controlled under Schedule I of the federal
 6 Controlled Substances Act by a federal agency as the result of an
 7 international treaty, convention, or protocol.
- 8 **Sec. 89.** RCW 69.50.205 and 1993 c 187 s 5 are each amended to read 9 as follows:
- 10 (a) The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) commission shall place a 11 substance in Schedule II upon finding that:
 - (1) the substance has high potential for abuse;
- 13 (2) the substance has currently accepted medical use in treatment 14 in the United States, or currently accepted medical use with severe 15 restrictions; and
- 16 (3) the abuse of the substance may lead to severe psychological or physical dependence.
- 18 (b) The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) commission may place a sub
 19 stance in Schedule II without making the findings required by
 20 subsection (a) of this section if the substance is controlled under
 21 Schedule II of the federal Controlled Substances Act by a federal
 22 agency as the result of an international treaty, convention, or
 23 protocol.
- 24 Sec. 90. RCW 69.50.207 and 1993 c 187 s 7 are each amended to read 25 as follows:
- 26 (a) The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) commission shall place a 27 substance in Schedule III upon finding that:
- 28 (1) the substance has a potential for abuse less than the 29 substances included in Schedules I and II;
- 30 (2) the substance has currently accepted medical use in treatment 31 in the United States; and
- 32 (3) abuse of the substance may lead to moderate or low physical dependence or high psychological dependence.
- 34 (b) The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) commission may place a sub 35 stance in Schedule III without making the findings required by 36 subsection (a) of this section if the substance is controlled under

- 1 Schedule III of the federal Controlled Substances Act by a federal
- 2 agency as the result of an international treaty, convention, or
- 3 protocol.

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- 4 **Sec. 91.** RCW 69.50.208 and 2010 c 177 s 4 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
 - Unless specifically excepted by state or federal law or regulation or more specifically included in another schedule, the following controlled substances are listed in Schedule III:
- 9 (a) Stimulants. Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation 10 containing any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant 11 effect on the central nervous system, including their salts, isomers, 12 whether optical, position, or geometric, and salts of isomers whenever 13 the existence of those salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible 14 within the specific chemical designation:
 - (1) Any compound, mixture, or preparation in dosage unit form containing any stimulant substance included in Schedule II and which was listed as an excepted compound on August 25, 1971, pursuant to the federal Controlled Substances Act, and any other drug of the quantitative composition shown in that list for those drugs or which is the same except for containing a lesser quantity of controlled substances;
- 22 (2) Benzphetamine;
- 23 (3) Chlorphentermine;
 - (4) Clortermine;
- 25 (5) Phendimetrazine.
 - (b) Depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system:
 - (1) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing:
- 31 (i) Amobarbital;
- 32 (ii) Secobarbital;
- 33 (iii) Pentobarbital;
- or any salt thereof and one or more other active medicinal ingredients which are not listed in any schedule;
- 36 (2) Any suppository dosage form containing:
- 37 (i) Amobarbital;

p. 85 HB 1609.SL

- 1 (ii) Secobarbital;
- 2 (iii) Pentobarbital;
- or any salt of any of these drugs and approved by the Food and Drug

 Administration for marketing only as a suppository;
- 5 (3) Any substance which contains any quantity of a derivative of barbituric acid, or any salt of a derivative of barbituric acid;
 - (4) Chlorhexadol;
- 8 (5) Embutramide;

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- 9 (6) Any drug product containing gamma hydroxybutyric acid, 10 including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, for which an 11 application is approved under section 505 of the federal food, drug, 12 and cosmetic act;
- 13 (7) Ketamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, some other 14 names for ketamine: (<plus-minus>)-2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)-15 cyclohexanone;
 - (8) Lysergic acid;
 - (9) Lysergic acid amide;
- 18 (10) Methyprylon;
- 19 (11) Sulfondiethylmethane;
- 20 (12) Sulfonethylmethane;
- 21 (13) Sulfonmethane;
- 22 (14) Tiletamine and zolazepam or any of their salts—some trade or 23 other names for a tiletamine-zolazepam combination product: Telazol, 24 some trade or other names for tiletamine: 2-(ethylamino)-2-(2-thienyl) 25 cyclohexanone, some trade or other names for zolazepam: 4-(2-26 fluorophenyl)-6,8-dihydro-1,3,8-trimethylpyrazolo-[3,4-e][1,4]-27 diazepin-7(1H)-one flupyrazapon.
- 28 (c) Nalorphine.
 - (d) Narcotic drugs. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing limited quantities of any of the following narcotic drugs, or any salts thereof calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities as set forth in this subsection:
- (1) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with an equal or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium;
- 37 (2) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not

more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;

- (3) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodeinone (hydrocodone) per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with a fourfold or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium;
- (4) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodeinone (hydrocodone) per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;
- (5) Not more than 1.8 grams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;
- (6) Not more than 300 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;
- (7) Not more than 500 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams, or not more than 25 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts; and
- (8) Not more than 50 milligrams of morphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.
- (e) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drugs or their salts: Buprenorphine.
- (f) Hallucinogenic substances. Dronabinol (synthetic) in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a United States food and drug administration approved product. Some other names for dronabinol: [6a R-trans]-6a,7,8, 10a-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H-dibenzo[b,d] pyran-i-ol, or (-)-delta-9-(trans)-tetrahydrocannabinol.
- (g) Anabolic steroids. The term "anabolic steroids" means any drug or hormonal substance, chemically and pharmacologically related to testosterone, other than estrogens, progestins, corticosteroids, and dehydroepiandrosterone, that promotes muscle growth and includes:
 - (1) 3β,17-dihydroxy-5a-androstane;
 - (2) 3α , 17β -dihydroxy-5a-androstane;
 - (3) 5α -androstan-3,17-dione;

p. 87 HB 1609.SL

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(4) 1-androstenediol (3\beta,17\beta-dihydroxy-5\alpha-androst-1-ene);
 1
 2
          (5) 1-androstenediol (3\alpha, 17\beta-dihydroxy-5\alpha-androst-1-ene);
          (6) 4-androstenediol (3β,17β-dihydroxy-androst-4-ene);
 3
 4
          (7) 5-androstenediol (3\beta, 17\beta-dihydroxy-androst-5-ene);
          (8) 1-androstenedione ([5\alpha]-androst-1-en-3,17-dione);
 5
          (9) 4-androstenedione (androst-4-en-3,17-dione);
 6
          (10) 5-androstenedione (androst-5-en-3,17-dione);
 7
          (11) Bolasterone (7\alpha, 17\alpha-dimethyl-17\beta-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);
 8
          (12) Boldenone (17β-hydroxyandrost-1,4,-diene-3-one);
 9
          (13) Calusterone (7\beta, 17\alpha-dimethyl-17\beta-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);
10
11
          (14) Clostebol (4-chloro-17β-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);
12
                 Dehydrochloromethyltestosterone (4-chloro-17\beta-hydroxy-17\alpha-
     methyl-androst-1,4-dien-3-one);
13
14
          (16) Δ1-dihydrotestosterone (a.k.a. '1-testosterone') (17β-hydroxy-
15
     5\alpha-androst-1-en-3-one);
          (17) 4-dihydrotestosterone (17β-hydroxy-androstan-3-one);
16
17
          (18) Drostanolone (17\beta-hydroxy-2\alpha-methyl-5\alpha-androstan-3-one);
18
          (19) Ethylestrenol (17\alpha-ethyl-17\beta-hydroxyestr-4-ene);
19
          (20) Fluoxymesterone (9-fluoro-17\alpha-methyl-11\beta, 17\beta-dihydroxyandrost-
20
     4-en-3-one);
21
          (21)
                 Formebolone
                                (2-formyl-17\alpha-methyl-11\alpha,17\beta-dihydroxyandrost-
22
     1,4-dien-3-one);
          (22) Furazabol (17\alpha-methyl-17\beta-hydroxyandrostano[2,3-c]-furazan);
23
24
          (23) 13β-ethyl-17β-hydroxygon-4-en-3-one;
25
          (24) 4-hydroxytestosterone (4,17β-dihydroxy-androst-4-en-3-one);
26
                 4-hydroxy-19-nortestosterone (4,17β-dihydroxy-estr-4-en-3-
          (25)
27
     one);
28
          (26) Mestanolone (17\alpha-methyl-17\beta-hydroxy-5-androstan-3-one);
29
          (27) Mesterolone (1\alpha methyl-17\beta-hydroxy-[5\alpha]-androstan-3-one);
30
          (28) Methandienone (17\alpha-methyl-17\beta-hydroxyandrost-1,4-dien-3-one);
          (29) Methandriol (17\alpha-methyl-3\beta,17\beta-dihydroxyandrost-5-ene);
31
32
          (30) Methenolone (1-methyl-17\beta-hydroxy-5\alpha-androst-1-en-3-one);
          (31) 17\alpha-methyl-3\beta, 17\beta-dihydroxy-5a-androstane;
33
          (32) 17\alpha-methyl-3\alpha, 17\beta-dihydroxy-5a-androstane;
34
35
          (33) 17\alpha-methyl-3\beta, 17\beta-dihydroxyandrost-4-ene;
36
                  17\alpha-methyl-4-hydroxynandrolone (17\alpha-methyl-4-hydroxy-17\beta-
37
     hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);
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(35) Methyldienolone (17\alpha-\text{methyl}-17\beta-\text{hydroxyestra}-4,9(10)-\text{dien}-3-
 1
 2
     one);
          (36) Methyltrienolone (17\alpha-methyl-17\beta-hydroxyestra-4,9-11-trien-3-
 3
 4
     one);
 5
          (37) Methyltestosterone (17\alpha-methyl-17\beta-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);
          (38) Mibolerone (7\alpha, 17\alpha-dimethyl-17\beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);
 6
 7
                 17\alpha-methyl-\Delta 1-dihydrotestosterone (17b\beta-hydroxy-17\alpha-methyl-
     5\alpha-androst-1-en-3-one) (also known as '17-\alpha-methyl-1-testosterone');
 8
          (40) Nandrolone (17β-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);
 9
10
          (41) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3β, 17β-dihydroxyestr-4-ene);
          (42) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3\alpha, 17\beta-dihydroxyestr-4-ene);
11
12
          (43) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3\beta, 17\beta-dihydroxyestr-5-ene);
13
          (44) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3\alpha, 17\beta-dihydroxyestr-5-ene);
          (45) 19-nor-4-androstenedione (estr-4-en-3,17-dione);
14
          (46) 19-nor-5-androstenedione (estr-5-en-3,17-dione);
15
          (47) Norbolethone (13\beta, 17\alpha-diethyl-17\beta-hydroxygon-4-en-3-one);
16
17
          (48) Norclostebol (4-chloro-17β-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);
          (49) Norethandrolone (17\alpha-ethyl-17\beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);
18
          (50) Normethandrolone (17\alpha-methyl-17\beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);
19
20
          (51) Oxandrolone (17\alpha-\text{methyl}-17\beta-\text{hydroxy}-2-\text{oxa}-[5\alpha]-\text{androstan}-3-
21
     one);
22
          (52) Oxymesterone (17\alpha-methyl-4,17\beta-dihydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);
23
          (53) Oxymetholone (17\alpha-\text{methyl}-2-\text{hydroxymethylene}-17\beta-\text{hydroxy}-[5\alpha]-
24
     androstan-3-one);
25
          (54) Stanozolol (17\alpha-methyl-17\beta-hydroxy-[5\alpha]-androst-2-eno[3,2-c]-
26
     pyrazole);
27
          (55) Stenbolone (17\beta-hydroxy-2-methyl-[5\alpha]-androst-1-en-3-one);
28
          (56) Testolactone (13-hydroxy-3-oxo-13,17-secoandrosta-1,4-dien-17-
     oic acid lactone);
29
30
          (57) Testosterone (17β-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);
31
          (58) Tetrahydrogestrinone (13\beta, 17\alpha-diethyl-17\beta-hydroxygon-4,9,11-
     trien-3-one);
32
          (59) Trenbolone (17β-hydroxyestr-4,9,11-trien-3-one); and
33
          (60) Any salt, ester, or ether of a drug or substance described in
34
     this section. Such term does not include an anabolic steroid that is
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36
     expressly intended for administration through implants to cattle or
37
     other nonhuman species and that has been approved by the secretary of
     the department of health and human services for such administration.
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p. 89 HB 1609.SL

- 1 If any person prescribes, dispenses, or distributes such steroid for
- 2 human use, the person shall be considered to have prescribed,
- 3 dispensed, or distributed an anabolic steroid within the meaning of
- 4 this section.
- 5 The ((state board of pharmacy)) commission may except by rule any 6 compound, mixture, or preparation containing any stimulant or
- 7 depressant substance listed in subsection (a)(1) and (2) of this
- 8 section from the application of all or any part of this chapter if the
- 9 compound, mixture, or preparation contains one or more active medicinal
- 10 ingredients not having a stimulant or depressant effect on the central
- 11 nervous system, and if the admixtures are in combinations, quantity,
- 12 proportion, or concentration that vitiate the potential for abuse of
- 13 the substances having a stimulant or depressant effect on the central
- 14 nervous system.
- The controlled substances listed in this section may be added,
- 16 rescheduled, or deleted as provided for in RCW 69.50.201.
- 17 Sec. 92. RCW 69.50.209 and 1993 c 187 s 9 are each amended to read
- 18 as follows:
- 19 (a) The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) commission shall place a
- 20 substance in Schedule IV upon finding that:
- 21 (1) the substance has a low potential for abuse relative to
- 22 substances in Schedule III;
- 23 (2) the substance has currently accepted medical use in treatment
- in the United States; and
- 25 (3) abuse of the substance may lead to limited physical dependence
- 26 or psychological dependence relative to the substances included in
- 27 Schedule III.
- 28 (b) The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) commission may place a sub
- 29 stance in Schedule IV without making the findings required by
- 30 subsection (a) of this section if the substance is controlled under
- 31 Schedule IV of the federal Controlled Substances Act by a federal
- 32 agency as the result of an international treaty, convention, or
- 33 protocol.
- 34 Sec. 93. RCW 69.50.210 and 2010 c 177 s 5 are each amended to read
- 35 as follows:

- Unless specifically excepted by state or federal law or regulation or more specifically included in another schedule, the following controlled substances are listed in Schedule IV:
 - (a) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities as set forth below:
 - (1) Not more than 1 milligram of difenoxin and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.
- 9 (2) Dextropropoxyphene (alpha-(+)-4-dimethylamino-1,2-diphenyl-3-10 methyl-2-propionoxybutane).
- 11 (b) Depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in 12 another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation 13 containing any quantity of the following substances having a depressant 14 effect on the central nervous system, including their salts, isomers, 15 and salts of isomers whenever the existence of those salts, isomers, 16 and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical 17 designation:
- 18 (1) Alprazolam;
- 19 (2) Barbital;

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- 20 (3) Bromazepam;
- 21 (4) Camazepam;
- 22 (5) Carisoprodol;
- 23 (6) Chloral betaine;
- 24 (7) Chloral hydrate;
- 25 (8) Chlordiazepoxide;
- 26 (9) Clobazam;
- 27 (10) Clonazepam;
- 28 (11) Clorazepate;
- 29 (12) Clotiazepam;
- 30 (13) Cloxazolam;
- 31 (14) Delorazepam;
- 32 (15) Diazepam;
- 33 (16) Dichloralphenazone;
- 34 (17) Estazolam;
- 35 (18) Ethchlorvynol;
- 36 (19) Ethinamate;
- 37 (20) Ethyl loflazepate;
- 38 (21) Fludiazepam;

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         (22) Flunitrazepam;
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         (23) Flurazepam;
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         (24) Halazepam;
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         (25) Haloxazolam;
         (26) Ketazolam;
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         (27) Loprazolam;
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         (28) Lorazepam;
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         (29) Lormetazepam;
         (30) Mebutamate;
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         (31) Medazepam;
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         (32) Meprobamate;
         (33) Methohexital;
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         (34) Methylphenobarbital (mephobarbital);
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         (35) Midazolam;
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         (36) Nimetazepam;
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         (37) Nitrazepam;
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         (38) Nordiazepam;
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         (39) Oxazepam;
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         (40) Oxazolam;
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         (41) Paraldehyde;
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         (42) Petrichloral;
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         (43) Phenobarbital;
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         (44) Pinazepam;
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         (45) Prazepam;
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         (46) Quazepam;
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         (47) Temazepam;
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         (48) Tetrazepam;
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         (49) Triazolam;
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         (50) Zaleplon;
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         (51) Zolpidem; and
         (52) Zopiclone.
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         (c) Fenfluramine. Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation
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- 32 (c) Fenfluramine. Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation 33 containing any quantity of the following substance, including its 34 salts, isomers, and salts of such isomers, whenever the existence of 35 such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible: Fenfluramine.
- 36 (d) Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in 37 another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation

- containing any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:
- 4 (1) Cathine((+)norpseudoephedrine);
- 5 (2) Diethylpropion;
- 6 (3) Fencamfamin;
- 7 (4) Fenproporex;
- 8 (5) Mazindol;
- 9 (6) Mefenorex;
- 10 (7) Modafinil;
- 11 (8) Pemoline (including organometallic complexes and chelates 12 thereof);
- 13 (9) Phentermine;
- 14 (10) Pipradrol;
- 15 (11) Sibutramine;
- 16 (12) SPA ((-)-1-dimethylamino-1, 2-dephenylethane).
- (e) Other substances. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the following substance, including its salts:
- 21 (1) Pentazocine;
- 22 (2) Butorphanol, including its optical isomers.
- 23 The ((state board of pharmacy)) commission may except by rule any 24 compound, mixture, or preparation containing any depressant substance 25 listed in subsection (b) of this section from the application of all or any part of this chapter if the compound, mixture, or preparation 26 27 contains one or more active medicinal ingredients not having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, and if the admixtures 28 are in combinations, quantity, proportion, or concentration that 29 vitiate the potential for abuse of the substances having a depressant 30 31 effect on the central nervous system.
- The controlled substances listed in this section may be added, rescheduled, or deleted as provided for in RCW 69.50.201.
- 34 **Sec. 94.** RCW 69.50.211 and 1993 c 187 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:
- 36 (a) The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) commission shall place a 37 substance in Schedule V upon finding that:

p. 93 HB 1609.SL

- 1 (1) the substance has low potential for abuse relative to the controlled substances included in Schedule IV;
- 3 (2) the substance has currently accepted medical use in treatment 4 in the United States; and
 - (3) abuse of the substance may lead to limited physical dependence or psychological dependence relative to the substances included in Schedule IV.
- 8 (b) The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) commission may place a sub
 9 stance in Schedule V without being required to make the findings
 10 required by subsection (a) of this section if the substance is
 11 controlled under Schedule V of the federal Controlled Substances Act by
 12 a federal agency as the result of an international treaty, convention,
 13 or protocol.
- 14 **Sec. 95.** RCW 69.50.213 and 1993 c 187 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
- The ((state board of pharmacy)) commission shall publish updated schedules annually. Failure to publish updated schedules is not a defense in any administrative or judicial proceeding under this chapter.
- 20 **Sec. 96.** RCW 69.50.214 and 1993 c 187 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:
- 22 A controlled substance analog, to the extent intended for human 23 consumption, shall be treated, for the purposes of this chapter, as a substance included in Schedule I. Within thirty days after the 24 25 initiation of prosecution with respect to a controlled substance analog by indictment or information, the prosecuting attorney shall notify the 26 27 ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) commission of information relevant to emergency scheduling as provided for in RCW 69.50.201(((f))) (e). 28 29 After final determination that the controlled substance analog should 30 not be scheduled, no prosecution relating to that substance as a con trolled substance analog may continue or take place. 31
- 32 **Sec. 97.** RCW 69.50.301 and 1993 c 187 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
- 34 The ((board)) commission may adopt rules and the department may

- 1 charge reasonable fees, relating to the registration and control of the
- 2 manufacture, distribution, and dispensing of controlled substances
- 3 within this state.

- **Sec. 98.** RCW 69.50.302 and 2011 c 336 s 839 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (a) Every person who manufactures, distributes, or dispenses any controlled substance within this state or who proposes to engage in the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of any controlled substance within this state, shall obtain annually a registration issued by the department in accordance with the ((board's)) commission's rules.
 - (b) A person registered by the department under this chapter to manufacture, distribute, dispense, or conduct research with controlled substances may possess, manufacture, distribute, dispense, or conduct research with those substances to the extent authorized by the registration and in conformity with this Article.
 - (c) The following persons need not register and may lawfully possess controlled substances under this chapter:
 - (1) An agent or employee of any registered manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser of any controlled substance if the agent or employee is acting in the usual course of business or employment. This exemption shall not include any agent or employee distributing sample controlled substances to practitioners without an order;
 - (2) A common or contract carrier or warehouse operator, or an employee thereof, whose possession of any controlled substance is in the usual course of business or employment;
 - (3) An ultimate user or a person in possession of any controlled substance pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner or in lawful possession of a substance included in Schedule V.
 - (d) The ((board)) commission may waive by rule the requirement for registration of certain manufacturers, distributors, or dispensers upon finding it consistent with the public health and safety. Personal practitioners licensed or registered in the state of Washington under the respective professional licensing acts shall not be required to be registered under this chapter unless the specific exemption is denied pursuant to RCW 69.50.305 for violation of any provisions of this chapter.

p. 95 HB 1609.SL

- 1 (e) A separate registration is required at each principal place of 2 business or professional practice where the applicant manufactures, 3 distributes, or dispenses controlled substances.
- 4 (f) The department may inspect the establishment of a registrant or applicant for registration in accordance with rules adopted by the ((board)) commission.
- 7 **Sec. 99.** RCW 69.50.303 and 1993 c 187 s 17 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 (a) The department shall register an applicant to manufacture or distribute controlled substances included in RCW 69.50.204, 69.50.206, 69.50.208, 69.50.210, and 69.50.212 unless the ((board)) commission determines that the issuance of that registration would be inconsistent with the public interest. In determining the public interest, the ((board)) commission shall consider the following factors:
- 15 (1) maintenance of effective controls against diversion of 16 controlled substances into other than legitimate medical, scientific, 17 research, or industrial channels;
 - (2) compliance with applicable state and local law;
- 19 (3) promotion of technical advances in the art of manufacturing 20 controlled substances and the development of new substances;
 - (4) any convictions of the applicant under any laws of another country or federal or state laws relating to any controlled substance;
 - (5) past experience in the manufacture or distribution of controlled substances, and the existence in the applicant's establishment of effective controls against diversion of controlled substances into other than legitimate medical, scientific, research, or industrial channels;
- 28 (6) furnishing by the applicant of false or fraudulent material in 29 any application filed under this chapter;
 - (7) suspension or revocation of the applicant's federal registration to manufacture, distribute, or dispense controlled substances as authorized by federal law; and
- 33 (8) any other factors relevant to and consistent with the public 34 health and safety.
- 35 (b) Registration under subsection (a) of this section does not 36 entitle a registrant to manufacture or distribute controlled substances

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- 1 included in Schedule I or II other than those specified in the 2 registration.
- (c) Practitioners must be registered, or exempted under RCW 3 69.50.302(d), to dispense any controlled substances or to conduct 4 research with controlled substances included in Schedules II through V 5 if they are authorized to dispense or conduct research under the law of 6 7 this state. The ((board)) commission need not require separate registration under this Article for practitioners engaging in research 8 with nonnarcotic substances included in Schedules II through V where 9 10 the registrant is already registered under this Article in another capacity. Practitioners registered under federal law to conduct 11 12 research with substances included in Schedule I may conduct research 13 with substances included in Schedule I within this state upon 14 furnishing the ((board)) commission evidence of that federal registration. 15
- (d) A manufacturer or distributor registered under the federal Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 801 et seq., may submit a copy of the federal application as an application for registration as a manufacturer or distributor under this section. The ((board)) commission may require a manufacturer or distributor to submit information in addition to the application for registration under the federal act.
- 23 **Sec. 100.** RCW 69.50.304 and 1993 c 187 s 18 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

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- (a) A registration, or exemption from registration, under RCW 69.50.303 to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance may be suspended or revoked by the ((state-board-of pharmacy)) commission upon finding that the registrant has:
- 29 (1) furnished false or fraudulent material information in any 30 application filed under this chapter;
 - (2) been convicted of a felony under any state or federal law relating to any controlled substance;
- 33 (3) had the registrant's federal registration suspended or revoked 34 and is no longer authorized by federal law to manufacture, distribute, 35 or dispense controlled substances; or
- 36 (4) committed acts that would render registration under RCW

p. 97 HB 1609.SL

- 1 69.50.303 inconsistent with the public interest as determined under that section.
 - (b) The ((board)) commission may limit revocation or suspension of a registration to the particular controlled substance or schedule of controlled substances, with respect to which grounds for revocation or suspension exist.
 - (c) If the ((board)) commission suspends or revokes a registration, all controlled substances owned or possessed by the registrant at the time of suspension or the effective date of the revocation order may be placed under seal. No disposition may be made of substances under seal until the time for taking an appeal has elapsed or until all appeals have been concluded unless a court, upon application, orders the sale of perishable substances and the deposit of the proceeds of the sale with the court. Upon a revocation order becoming final, all controlled substances may be forfeited to the state.
 - (d) The department may seize or place under seal any controlled substance owned or possessed by a registrant whose registration has expired or who has ceased to practice or do business in the manner contemplated by the registration. The controlled substance must be held for the benefit of the registrant or the registrant's successor in interest. The department shall notify a registrant, the registrant's successor in interest, who has any controlled substance seized or placed under seal, of the procedures to be followed to secure the return of the controlled substance and the conditions under which it will be returned. The department may not dispose of any controlled substance seized or placed under seal under this subsection until the expiration of one hundred eighty days after the controlled substance was seized or placed under seal. The costs incurred by the department in seizing, placing under seal, maintaining custody, and disposing of any controlled substance under this subsection may be recovered from the registrant, any proceeds obtained from the disposition of the controlled substance, or from both. Any balance remaining after the costs have been recovered from the proceeds of any disposition must be delivered to the registrant or the registrant's successor in interest.
 - (e) The department shall promptly notify the drug enforcement administration of all orders restricting, suspending, or revoking registration and all forfeitures of controlled substances.

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1 Sec. 101. RCW 69.50.305 and 1971 ex.s. c 308 s 69.50.305 are each
2 amended to read as follows:

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- (a) Any registration, or exemption from registration, issued pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall not be denied, suspended, or revoked unless the ((board)) commission denies, suspends, or revokes such registration, or exemption from registration, by proceedings consistent with the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW.
- 9 (b) The ((board)) <u>commission</u> may suspend any registration simultaneously with the institution of proceedings under RCW 69.50.304, 10 or where renewal of registration is refused, if it finds that there is 11 an imminent danger to the public health or safety which warrants this 12 13 action. The suspension shall continue in effect until the conclusion 14 of the proceedings, including judicial review thereof, unless sooner withdrawn by the ((board)) commission or dissolved by a court of 15 16 competent jurisdiction.
- 17 **Sec. 102.** RCW 69.50.306 and 1971 ex.s. c 308 s 69.50.306 are each amended to read as follows:
 - Persons registered, or exempted from registration under RCW 69.50.302(d), to manufacture, distribute, dispense, or administer controlled substances under this chapter shall keep records and maintain inventories in conformance with the recordkeeping and inventory requirements of federal law and with any additional rules the ((state board of pharmacy)) commission issues.
- 25 **Sec. 103.** RCW 69.50.308 and 2012 c 10 s 46 are each amended to 26 read as follows:
- 27 (a) A controlled substance may be dispensed only as provided in this section.
 - (b) Except when dispensed directly by a practitioner authorized to prescribe or administer a controlled substance, other than a pharmacy, to an ultimate user, a substance included in Schedule II may not be dispensed without the written prescription of a practitioner.
 - (1) Schedule II narcotic substances may be dispensed by a pharmacy pursuant to a facsimile prescription under the following circumstances:
- 35 (i) The facsimile prescription is transmitted by a practitioner to 36 the pharmacy; and

p. 99 HB 1609.SL

- (ii) The facsimile prescription is for a patient in a long-term care facility. "Long-term care facility" means nursing homes licensed under chapter 18.51 RCW, assisted living facilities licensed under chapter 18.20 RCW, and adult family homes licensed under chapter 70.128 RCW; or
 - (iii) The facsimile prescription is for a patient of a hospice program certified or paid for by medicare under Title XVIII; or
 - (iv) The facsimile prescription is for a patient of a hospice program licensed by the state; and
 - (v) The practitioner or the practitioner's agent notes on the facsimile prescription that the patient is a long-term care or hospice patient.
 - (2) Injectable Schedule II narcotic substances that are to be compounded for patient use may be dispensed by a pharmacy pursuant to a facsimile prescription if the facsimile prescription is transmitted by a practitioner to the pharmacy.
 - (3) Under (1) and (2) of this subsection the facsimile prescription shall serve as the original prescription and shall be maintained as other Schedule II narcotic substances prescriptions.
 - (c) In emergency situations, as defined by rule of the ((state board of pharmacy)) commission, a substance included in Schedule II may be dispensed upon oral prescription of a practitioner, reduced promptly to writing and filed by the pharmacy. Prescriptions shall be retained in conformity with the requirements of RCW 69.50.306. A prescription for a substance included in Schedule II may not be refilled.
 - (d) Except when dispensed directly by a practitioner authorized to prescribe or administer a controlled substance, other than a pharmacy, to an ultimate user, a substance included in Schedule III or IV, which is a prescription drug as determined under RCW 69.04.560, may not be dispensed without a written or oral prescription of a practitioner. Any oral prescription must be promptly reduced to writing. The prescription shall not be filled or refilled more than six months after the date thereof or be refilled more than five times, unless renewed by the practitioner.
 - (e) A valid prescription or lawful order of a practitioner, in order to be effective in legalizing the possession of controlled substances, must be issued in good faith for a legitimate medical purpose by one authorized to prescribe the use of such controlled

substance. An order purporting to be a prescription not in the course of professional treatment is not a valid prescription or lawful order of a practitioner within the meaning and intent of this chapter; and the person who knows or should know that the person is filling such an order, as well as the person issuing it, can be charged with a violation of this chapter.

- (f) A substance included in Schedule V must be distributed or dispensed only for a medical purpose.
- (g) A practitioner may dispense or deliver a controlled substance to or for an individual or animal only for medical treatment or authorized research in the ordinary course of that practitioner's profession. Medical treatment includes dispensing or administering a narcotic drug for pain, including intractable pain.
- (h) No administrative sanction, or civil or criminal liability, authorized or created by this chapter may be imposed on a pharmacist for action taken in reliance on a reasonable belief that an order purporting to be a prescription was issued by a practitioner in the usual course of professional treatment or in authorized research.
- 19 (i) An individual practitioner may not dispense a substance 20 included in Schedule II, III, or IV for that individual practitioner's 21 personal use.
- **Sec. 104.** RCW 69.50.310 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 9 s 435 are each 23 amended to read as follows:

On and after September 21, 1977, a humane society and animal control agency may apply to the department for registration pursuant to the applicable provisions of this chapter for the sole purpose of being authorized to purchase, possess, and administer sodium pentobarbital to euthanize injured, sick, homeless, or unwanted domestic pets and animals. Any agency so registered shall not permit a person to administer sodium pentobarbital unless such person has demonstrated adequate knowledge of the potential hazards and proper techniques to be used in administering this drug.

The department may issue a limited registration to carry out the provisions of this section. The ((board)) commission shall promulgate such rules as it deems necessary to insure strict compliance with the provisions of this section. The ((board)) commission may suspend or revoke registration upon determination that the person administering

p. 101 HB 1609.SL

- 1 sodium pentobarbital has not demonstrated adequate knowledge as herein
- 2 provided. This authority is granted in addition to any other power to
- 3 suspend or revoke registration as provided by law.
 - Sec. 105. RCW 69.50.312 and 1998 c 222 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Information concerning an original prescription or information concerning a prescription refill for a controlled substance may be electronically communicated to a pharmacy of the patient's choice pursuant to the provisions of this chapter if the electronically communicated prescription information complies with the following:
 - (a) Electronically communicated prescription information must comply with all applicable statutes and rules regarding the form, content, recordkeeping, and processing of a prescription for a legend drug;
 - (b) The system used for transmitting electronically communicated prescription information and the system used for receiving electronically communicated prescription information must be approved by the ((board)) commission. This subsection does not apply to currently used facsimile equipment transmitting an exact visual image of the prescription. The ((board)) commission shall maintain and provide, upon request, a list of systems used for electronically communicating prescription information currently approved by the ((board)) commission;
 - (c) An explicit opportunity for practitioners must be made to indicate their preference on whether a therapeutically equivalent generic drug may be substituted;
 - (d) Prescription drug orders are confidential health information, and may be released only to the patient or the patient's authorized representative, the prescriber or other authorized practitioner then caring for the patient, or other persons specifically authorized by law to receive such information;
 - (e) To maintain confidentiality of prescription records, the electronic system shall have adequate security and systems safeguards designed to prevent and detect unauthorized access, modification, or manipulation of these records. The pharmacist in charge shall establish or verify the existence of policies and procedures which ensure the integrity and confidentiality of prescription information

transmitted to the pharmacy by electronic means. All managers, employees, and agents of the pharmacy are required to read, sign, and comply with the established policies and procedures; and

- (f) The pharmacist shall exercise professional judgment regarding the accuracy, validity, and authenticity of the prescription drug order received by way of electronic transmission, consistent with federal and state laws and rules and guidelines of the ((board)) commission.
- 8 (2) The ((board)) <u>commission</u> may adopt rules implementing this 9 section.
- **Sec. 106.** RCW 69.50.320 and 2003 c 175 s 2 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

The department of fish and wildlife may apply to the department of health for registration pursuant to the applicable provisions of this chapter to purchase, possess, and administer controlled substances for use in chemical capture programs. The department of fish and wildlife must not permit a person to administer controlled substances unless the person has demonstrated adequate knowledge of the potential hazards and proper techniques to be used in administering controlled substances.

The department of health may issue a limited registration to carry out the provisions of this section. The ((board)) commission may adopt rules to ensure strict compliance with the provisions of this section. The ((board)) commission, in consultation with the department of fish and wildlife, must by rule add or remove additional controlled substances for use in chemical capture programs. The ((board)) commission shall suspend or revoke registration upon determination that the person administering controlled substances has not demonstrated adequate knowledge as required by this section. This authority is granted in addition to any other power to suspend or revoke registration as provided by law.

- **Sec. 107.** RCW 69.50.402 and 2010 c 177 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) It is unlawful for any person:
- 33 (a) Who is subject to Article III to distribute or dispense a controlled substance in violation of RCW 69.50.308;
 - (b) Who is a registrant, to manufacture a controlled substance not

p. 103 HB 1609.SL

- authorized by his or her registration, or to distribute or dispense a controlled substance not authorized by his or her registration to another registrant or other authorized person;
 - (c) Who is a practitioner, to prescribe, order, dispense, administer, supply, or give to any person:
 - (i) Any amphetamine, including its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers classified as a schedule II controlled substance by the ((board of pharmacy)) commission pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW; or
- 10 (ii) Any nonnarcotic stimulant classified as a schedule II
 11 controlled substance and designated as a nonnarcotic stimulant by the
 12 ((board of pharmacy)) commission pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW;
 - except for the treatment of narcolepsy or for the treatment of hyperkinesis, or for the treatment of drug-induced brain dysfunction, or for the treatment of epilepsy, or for the differential diagnostic psychiatric evaluation of depression, or for the treatment of depression shown to be refractory to other therapeutic modalities, or for the treatment of multiple sclerosis, or for the clinical investigation of the effects of such drugs or compounds, in which case an investigative protocol therefor shall have been submitted to and reviewed and approved by the ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) commission before the investigation has been begun: PROVIDED, That the ((board of pharmacy)) commission, in consultation with the medical quality assurance commission and the osteopathic disciplinary board, may establish by rule, pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, disease states or conditions in addition to those listed in this subsection for the treatment of which Schedule II nonnarcotic stimulants may prescribed, ordered, dispensed, administered, supplied, or given to patients by practitioners: AND PROVIDED, FURTHER, That investigations by the ((board-of-pharmacy)) commission of abuse of prescriptive authority by physicians, licensed pursuant to chapter 18.71 RCW, pursuant to subsection (1)(c) of this section shall be done in consultation with the medical quality assurance commission;
 - (d) To refuse or fail to make, keep or furnish any record, notification, order form, statement, invoice, or information required under this chapter;
- 37 (e) To refuse an entry into any premises for any inspection 38 authorized by this chapter; or

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(f) Knowingly to keep or maintain any store, shop, warehouse, dwelling, building, vehicle, boat, aircraft, or other structure or place, which is resorted to by persons using controlled substances in violation of this chapter for the purpose of using these substances, or which is used for keeping or selling them in violation of this chapter.

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- (2) Any person who violates this section is guilty of a class C felony and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than two years, fined not more than two thousand dollars, or both.
- 9 **Sec. 108.** RCW 69.50.501 and 1971 ex.s. c 308 s 69.50.501 are each amended to read as follows:
- 11 The ((state board of pharmacy)) commission may make administrative 12 inspections of controlled premises in accordance with the following 13 provisions:
 - (1) For purposes of this section only, "controlled premises" means:
 - (a) places where persons registered or exempted from registration requirements under this chapter are required to keep records; and
 - (b) places including factories, warehouses, establishments, and conveyances in which persons registered or exempted from registration requirements under this chapter are permitted to hold, manufacture, compound, process, sell, deliver, or otherwise dispose of any controlled substance.
 - (2) When authorized by an administrative inspection warrant issued pursuant to RCW 69.50.502 an officer or employee designated by the ((board)) commission, upon presenting the warrant and appropriate credentials to the owner, operator, or agent in charge, may enter controlled premises for the purpose of conducting an administrative inspection.
 - (3) When authorized by an administrative inspection warrant, an officer or employee designated by the ((board)) commission may:
 - (a) inspect and copy records required by this chapter to be kept;
- 31 (b) inspect, within reasonable limits and in a reasonable manner, 32 controlled premises and all pertinent equipment, finished and 33 unfinished material, containers and labeling found therein, and, except 34 as provided in subsection (5) of this section, all other things 35 therein, including records, files, papers, processes, controls, and 36 facilities bearing on violation of this chapter; and

p. 105 HB 1609.SL

- 1 (c) inventory any stock of any controlled substance therein and 2 obtain samples thereof;
 - (4) This section does not prevent the inspection without a warrant of books and records pursuant to an administrative subpoena issued in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW, nor does it prevent entries and administrative inspections, including seizures of property, without a warrant:
- 8 (a) if the owner, operator, or agent in charge of the controlled 9 premises consents;
 - (b) in situations presenting imminent danger to health or safety;
- 11 (c) in situations involving inspection of conveyances if there is 12 reasonable cause to believe that the mobility of the conveyance makes 13 it impracticable to obtain a warrant;
- 14 (d) in any other exceptional or emergency circumstance where time 15 or opportunity to apply for a warrant is lacking; or,
- 16 (e) in all other situations in which a warrant is not 17 constitutionally required;
- 18 (5) An inspection authorized by this section shall not extend to 19 financial data, sales data, other than shipment data, or pricing data 20 unless the owner, operator, or agent in charge of the controlled 21 premises consents in writing.
- 22 **Sec. 109.** RCW 69.50.504 and 1971 ex.s. c 308 s 69.50.504 are each 23 amended to read as follows:
- 24 The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) commission shall cooperate with 25 federal and other state agencies in discharging its responsibilities 26 concerning traffic in controlled substances and in suppressing the 27 abuse of controlled substances.
- 28 **Sec. 110.** RCW 69.50.507 and 2012 c 117 s 371 are each amended to read as follows:
- All final determinations, findings, and conclusions of the ((state board-of-pharmacy)) commission under this chapter are final and conclusive decisions of the matters involved. Any person aggrieved by the decision may obtain review of the decision in the superior court wherein he or she resides or in the superior court of Thurston county, such review to be in conformity with the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW.

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Sec. 111. RCW 69.50.508 and 1971 ex.s. c 308 s 69.50.508 are each
amended to read as follows:

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- (a) The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) commission may carry out educational programs designed to prevent and deter misuse and abuse of controlled substances. In connection with these programs it may:
- (1) promote better recognition of the problems of misuse and abuse of controlled substances within the regulated industry and among interested groups and organizations;
- (2) assist the regulated industry and interested groups and organizations in contributing to the reduction of misuse and abuse of controlled substances;
- (3) consult with interested groups and organizations to aid them in solving administrative and organizational problems;
- (4) evaluate procedures, projects, techniques, and controls conducted or proposed as part of educational programs on misuse and abuse of controlled substances;
 - (5) disseminate the results of research on misuse and abuse of controlled substances to promote a better public understanding of what problems exist and what can be done to combat them; and
 - (6) assist in the education and training of state and local law enforcement officials in their efforts to control misuse and abuse of controlled substances.
 - (b) The ((board)) <u>commission</u> may encourage research on misuse and abuse of controlled substances. In connection with the research, and in furtherance of the enforcement of this chapter, it may:
 - (1) establish methods to assess accurately the effects of controlled substances and identify and characterize those with potential for abuse;
 - (2) make studies and undertake programs of research to:
- (i) develop new or improved approaches, techniques, systems, equipment and devices to strengthen the enforcement of this chapter;
- (ii) determine patterns of misuse and abuse of controlled substances and the social effects thereof; and,
- (iii) improve methods for preventing, predicting, understanding and dealing with the misuse and abuse of controlled substances; and,
- 36 (3) enter into contracts with public agencies, institutions of 37 higher education, and private organizations or individuals for the

p. 107 HB 1609.SL

- purpose of conducting research, demonstrations, or special projects which bear directly on misuse and abuse of controlled substances.
 - (c) The ((board)) <u>commission</u> may enter into contracts for educational and research activities without performance bonds.
 - (d) The ((board)) commission may authorize persons engaged in research on the use and effects of controlled substances to withhold the names and other identifying characteristics of individuals who are the subjects of the research. Persons who obtain this authorization are not compelled in any civil, criminal, administrative, legislative, or other proceeding to identify the individuals who are the subjects of research for which the authorization was obtained.
 - (e) The ((board)) commission may authorize the possession and distribution of controlled substances by persons engaged in research. Persons who obtain this authorization are exempt from state prosecution for possession and distribution of controlled substances to the extent of the authorization.
 - **Sec. 112.** RCW 69.50.601 and 1971 ex.s. c 308 s 69.50.601 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (a) Prosecution for any violation of law occurring prior to May 21, 1971 is not affected or abated by this chapter. If the offense being prosecuted is similar to one set out in Article IV of this chapter, then the penalties under Article IV apply if they are less than those under prior law.
 - (b) Civil seizures or forfeitures and injunctive proceedings commenced prior to May 21, 1971 are not affected by this chapter.
 - (c) All administrative proceedings pending under prior laws which are superseded by this chapter shall be continued and brought to a final determination in accord with the laws and rules in effect prior to May 21, 1971. Any substance controlled under prior law which is not listed within Schedules I through V, is automatically controlled without further proceedings and shall be listed in the appropriate schedule.
- 33 (d) The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) commission shall initially 34 permit persons to register who own or operate any establishment engaged 35 in the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of any controlled 36 substance prior to May 21, 1971 and who are registered or licensed by 37 the state.

- 1 (e) This chapter applies to violations of law, seizures and 2 forfeiture, injunctive proceedings, administrative proceedings and 3 investigations which occur following May 21, 1971.
- 4 **Sec. 113.** RCW 69.51.030 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 9 s 438 are each 5 amended to read as follows:

6 As used in this chapter:

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- 7 (1) (("Board"-means-the-state-board-of-pharmacy;)) "Commission" 8 means the pharmacy quality assurance commission;
 - (2) "Department" means the department of health((-));
- 10 (3) "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant of the genus Cannabis
 11 L., whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, the resin extracted from
 12 any part of the plant, and every compound, manufacture, salt,
 13 derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds, or resin;
 14 and
- 15 (4) "Practitioner" means a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 16 18.71 or 18.57 RCW.
- 17 **Sec. 114.** RCW 69.51.040 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 9 s 439 are each 18 amended to read as follows:
 - (1) There is established in the $((\frac{board}{}))$ commission the controlled substances therapeutic research program. The program shall be administered by the department. The $((\frac{board}{}))$ commission shall promulgate rules necessary for the proper administration of the Controlled Substances Therapeutic Research Act. In such promulgation, the $((\frac{board}{}))$ commission shall take into consideration those pertinent rules promulgated by the United States drug enforcement agency, the food and drug administration, and the national institute on drug abuse.
 - (2) Except as provided in RCW 69.51.050(4), the controlled substances therapeutic research program shall be limited to cancer chemotherapy and radiology patients and glaucoma patients, who are certified to the patient qualification review committee by a practitioner as being involved in a life-threatening or sensethreatening situation. No patient may be admitted to the controlled substances therapeutic research program without full disclosure by the practitioner of the experimental nature of this program and of the possible risks and side effects of the proposed treatment in accordance with the informed consent provisions of chapter 7.70 RCW.

p. 109 HB 1609.SL

- 1 (3) The ((board)) commission shall provide by rule for a program of 2 registration with the department of bona fide controlled substance 3 therapeutic research projects.
- 4 **Sec. 115.** RCW 69.51.050 and 1979 c 136 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The ((board)) <u>commission</u> shall appoint a patient qualification review committee to serve at its pleasure. The patient qualification review committee shall be comprised of:
- 9 (a) A physician licensed to practice medicine in Washington state 10 and specializing in the practice of ophthalmology;
 - (b) A physician licensed to practice medicine in Washington state and specializing in the subspecialty of medical oncology;
- 13 (c) A physician licensed to practice medicine in Washington state 14 and specializing in the practice of psychiatry; and
- 15 (d) A physician licensed to practice medicine in Washington state 16 and specializing in the practice of radiology.

Members of the committee shall be compensated at the rate of fifty dollars per day for each day spent in the performance of their official duties, and shall receive reimbursement for their travel expenses as provided in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.

- (2) The patient qualification review committee shall review all applicants for the controlled substance therapeutic research program and their licensed practitioners and certify their participation in the program.
- (3) The patient qualification review committee and the ((board)) commission shall insure that the privacy of individuals who participate in the controlled substance therapeutic research program is protected by withholding from all persons not connected with the conduct of the research the names and other identifying characteristics of such individuals. Persons authorized to engage in research under the controlled substance therapeutic research program may not be compelled in any civil, criminal, administrative, legislative, or other proceeding to identify the individuals who are the subjects of research for which the authorization was granted, except to the extent necessary to permit the ((board)) commission to determine whether the research is being conducted in accordance with the authorization.

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- (4) The patient qualification review committee may include other 1 2 disease groups for participation in the controlled substances therapeutic research program after pertinent medical data have been 3 presented by a practitioner to both the committee and the ((board)) 4 5 <u>commission</u>, and after approval for such participation has been granted pursuant to pertinent rules promulgated by the United States drug 6 7 enforcement agency, the food and drug administration, and the national 8 institute on drug abuse.
- 9 **Sec. 116.** RCW 69.51.060 and 1979 c 136 s 6 are each amended to 10 read as follows:
- 11 (1) The ((board)) commission shall obtain marijuana through 12 whatever means it deems most appropriate and consistent with 13 regulations promulgated by the United States food and drug 14 administration, the drug enforcement agency, and the national institute 15 on drug abuse, and pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
- 16 (2) The ((board)) <u>commission</u> may use marijuana which has been 17 confiscated by local or state law enforcement agencies and has been 18 determined to be free from contamination.
- 19 (3) The ((board)) <u>commission</u> shall distribute the analyzed 20 marijuana to approved practitioners and/or institutions in accordance 21 with rules promulgated by the ((board)) <u>commission</u>.
- 22 **Sec. 117.** RCW 69.60.020 and 1989 c 247 s 3 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

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- The terms defined in this section shall have the meanings indicated when used in this chapter.
- (1) "Solid dosage form" means capsules or tablets or similar overthe-counter medication products intended for administration and which could be ingested orally.
- 29 (2) "Over-the-counter medication" means a drug that can be obtained 30 without a prescription and is not restricted to use by prescribing 31 practitioners. For purposes of this chapter, over-the-counter 32 medication does not include vitamins.
- 33 (3) (("Board"-means-the-state-board-of-pharmacy.)) "Commission"
 34 means the pharmacy quality assurance commission.
 - (4) "Purveyor" means any corporation, person, or other entity that

p. 111 HB 1609.SL

- 1 offers over-the-counter medications for wholesale, retail, or other
- 2 type of sale.
- 3 **Sec. 118.** RCW 69.60.040 and 1989 c 247 s 4 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- 5 Each manufacturer shall publish and provide to the ((board))
- 6 commission printed material which will identify each current imprint
- 7 used by the manufacturer and the ((board)) commission shall be notified
- 8 of any change. This information shall be provided by the ((board))
- 9 <u>commission</u> to all pharmacies licensed in the state of Washington,
- 10 poison control centers, and hospital emergency rooms.
- 11 Sec. 119. RCW 69.60.060 and 1989 c 247 s 6 are each amended to
- 12 read as follows:
- The ((board)) commission shall have authority to promulgate rules
- 14 for the enforcement and implementation of this chapter.
- 15 Sec. 120. RCW 69.60.080 and 1989 c 247 s 8 are each amended to
- 16 read as follows:
- 17 The ((board)) commission, upon application of a manufacturer, may
- 18 exempt an over-the-counter drug from the requirements of chapter 69.60
- 19 RCW on the grounds that imprinting is infeasible because of size,
- 20 texture, or other unique characteristics.
- 21 Sec. 121. RCW 69.60.090 and 1993 c 135 s 3 are each amended to
- 22 read as follows:
- 23 Before January 1, 1994, the ((board of pharmacy)) commission will
- 24 consult with the state toxicologist to determine whether the federal
- 25 government has established a legally enforceable system that is
- 26 substantially equivalent to the requirements of this chapter that
- 27 govern the imprinting of solid dosage form over-the-counter medication.
- 28 To be substantially equivalent, the effective dates for implementation
- of the federal system for imprinting solid dosage form over-the-counter
- 30 medication must be the same or earlier than the dates of implementation
- 31 set out in the state system for imprinting solid dosage form over-the-
- 32 counter medication. If the ((board)) commission determines that the
- 33 federal system for imprinting solid dosage form over-the-counter
- 34 medication is substantially equivalent to the state system for

- 1 imprinting solid dosage form over-the-counter medication, this chapter
- 2 will cease to exist on January 1, 1994. If the ((board)) commission
- 3 determines that the federal system is substantially equivalent, except
- 4 that the federal dates for implementation are later than the Washington
- 5 state dates, this chapter will cease to exist when the federal system
- 6 is implemented.
- 7 **Sec. 122.** RCW 70.24.280 and 1988 c 206 s 605 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 The ((state-board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy_quality_assurance
- 10 <u>commission</u> shall adopt rules that require appropriate education and
- 11 training for licensees on the prevention, transmission, and treatment
- of AIDS. The ((board)) commission shall work with the office on AIDS
- 13 under RCW 70.24.250 to develop the training and educational material
- 14 necessary for health professionals.
- 15 **Sec. 123.** RCW 70.54.140 and 1977 ex.s. c 122 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- 17 No hospital or health facility may interfere with the
- 18 physician/patient relationship by restricting or forbidding the use of
- 19 amygdalin (Laetrile) when prescribed or administered by a physician
- 20 licensed pursuant to chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW and requested by a
- 21 patient under his/her care who has requested the substance after having
- 22 been given sufficient information in writing to make an informed
- 23 decision.
- For the purposes of RCW 70.54.130 through 70.54.150, the ((state
- 25 board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission shall provide
- 26 for the certification as to the identity of amygdalin (Laetrile) by
- 27 random sample testing or other testing procedures, and shall promulgate
- 28 rules and regulations necessary to implement and enforce its authority
- 29 under this section.
- 30 **Sec. 124.** RCW 70.106.150 and 1987 c 236 s 1 are each amended to
- 31 read as follows:
- 32 The authority to promulgate regulations for the efficient
- 33 enforcement of this chapter is hereby vested in the director. However,
- the director shall designate the ((Washington state board of pharmacy))

p. 113 HB 1609.SL

- 1 <u>pharmacy quality assurance commission</u> to carry out all the provisions
- 2 of this chapter pertaining to drugs and cosmetics, with authority to
- 3 promulgate regulations for the efficient enforcement thereof.
- 4 **Sec. 125.** RCW 70.127.130 and 1993 c 42 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
- Licensees shall conform to the standards of RCW 69.41.030 and 69.50.308. Rules adopted by the department concerning the use of legend drugs or controlled substances shall reference and be consistent
- 9 with ((board of pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission rules.
- 10 **Sec. 126.** RCW 70.225.020 and 2012 c 192 s 1 are each amended to 11 read as follows:
 - (1) When sufficient funding is provided for such purpose through federal or private grants, or is appropriated by the legislature, the department shall establish and maintain a prescription monitoring program to monitor the prescribing and dispensing of all Schedules II, III, IV, and V controlled substances and any additional drugs identified by the ((board-of-pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission as demonstrating a potential for abuse by all professionals licensed to prescribe or dispense such substances in this state. program shall be designed to improve health care quality and effectiveness by reducing abuse of controlled substances, reducing duplicative prescribing and overprescribing of controlled substances, and improving controlled substance prescribing practices with the intent of eventually establishing an electronic database available in real time to dispensers and prescribers of controlled substances. As much as possible, the department should establish a common database with other states.
 - (2) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, each dispenser shall submit to the department by electronic means information regarding each prescription dispensed for a drug included under subsection (1) of this section. Drug prescriptions for more than one day use should be reported. The information submitted for each prescription shall include, but not be limited to:
- 34 (a) Patient identifier;
- 35 (b) Drug dispensed;
- 36 (c) Date of dispensing;

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- 1 (d) Quantity dispensed;
 - (e) Prescriber; and
- 3 (f) Dispenser.

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- 4 (3) Each dispenser shall submit the information in accordance with 5 transmission methods established by the department.
 - (4) The data submission requirements of subsections (1) through (3) of this section do not apply to:
 - (a) Medications provided to patients receiving inpatient services provided at hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW; or patients of such hospitals receiving services at the clinics, day surgery areas, or other settings within the hospital's license where the medications are administered in single doses;
 - (b) Pharmacies operated by the department of corrections for the purpose of providing medications to offenders in department of corrections institutions who are receiving pharmaceutical services from a department of corrections pharmacy, except that the department of corrections must submit data related to each offender's current prescriptions for controlled substances upon the offender's release from a department of corrections institution; or
 - (c) Veterinarians licensed under chapter 18.92 RCW. The department, in collaboration with the veterinary board of governors, shall establish alternative data reporting requirements for veterinarians that allow veterinarians to report:
 - (i) By either electronic or nonelectronic methods;
 - (ii) Only those data elements that are relevant to veterinary practices and necessary to accomplish the public protection goals of this chapter; and
 - (iii) No more frequently than once every three months and no less frequently than once every six months.
- 30 (5) The department shall seek federal grants to support the 31 activities described in chapter 259, Laws of 2007. The department may 32 not require a practitioner or a pharmacist to pay a fee or tax 33 specifically dedicated to the operation of the system.
- 34 Sec. 127. RCW 82.04.272 and 2003 c 168 s 401 are each amended to read as follows:
- 36 (1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of 37 warehousing and reselling drugs for human use pursuant to a

p. 115 HB 1609.SL

- prescription; as to such persons, the amount of the tax shall be equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.138
- 3 percent.
- 4 (2) For the purposes of this section:
- 5 (a) "Prescription" and "drug" have the same meaning as in RCW 82.08.0281; and
- 7 (b) "Warehousing and reselling drugs for human use pursuant to a prescription" means the buying of drugs for human use pursuant to a 8 prescription from a manufacturer or another wholesaler, and reselling 9 of the drugs to persons selling at retail or to hospitals, clinics, 10 health care providers, or other providers of health care services, by 11 a wholesaler or retailer who is registered with the federal drug 12 13 enforcement administration and licensed by the ((state-board-of 14 pharmacy)) pharmacy quality assurance commission.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 128. Section 44 of this act expires July 1, 16 2016.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 129. Section 45 of this act takes effect July 1, 2016.

Passed by the House March 5, 2013. Passed by the Senate April 9, 2013. Approved by the Governor April 18, 2013. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 18, 2013.